INTELLIGENT PEOPLE AND COMFORTABLE HOMES.
An Advocate for Education and all That Makes a People Happy.

THE RACE PROBLEM MUST BE SETTLED.
"The Freeman's" Intelligent Presentation is Commended by All.

The Freeman

A NATIONAL ILLUSTRATED COLORED NEWSPAPER

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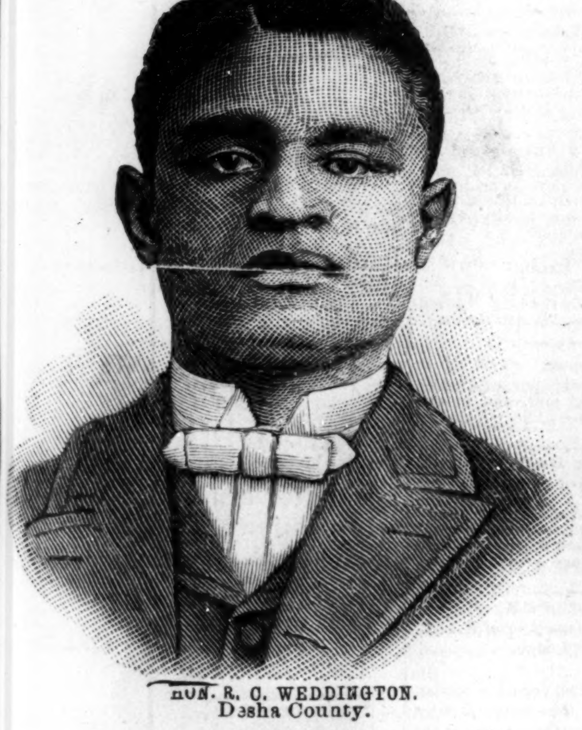
MEN OF BRAINS.

WE present with pleasure the portraits and sketches of the eleven Afro-American members of the Arkansas Legislature. In this group are men of pronounced abilities, able to grapple with the leading questions of the times, and remarkably zealous in their demands for equality before the law for the Negro race. To the youth their lives should be an inspiration, and to the old it certainly must be a source of consolation in knowing that though dark the clouds have been, sunshine is drawning near to ripen the race's remarkable growth.

HON. J. GRAY LUCAS
Jefferson County.

G. W. BELL,
State Senator.

F. P. ADAIR,
Pulaski County.


HON. R. C. WEDDINGTON.
Desha County.

REV G. W. LOWE.
Monroe County.

HON. J. N. DONOHOO.
Phillips County.

HON. S. L. WOOLFOLK.
Jefferson County.

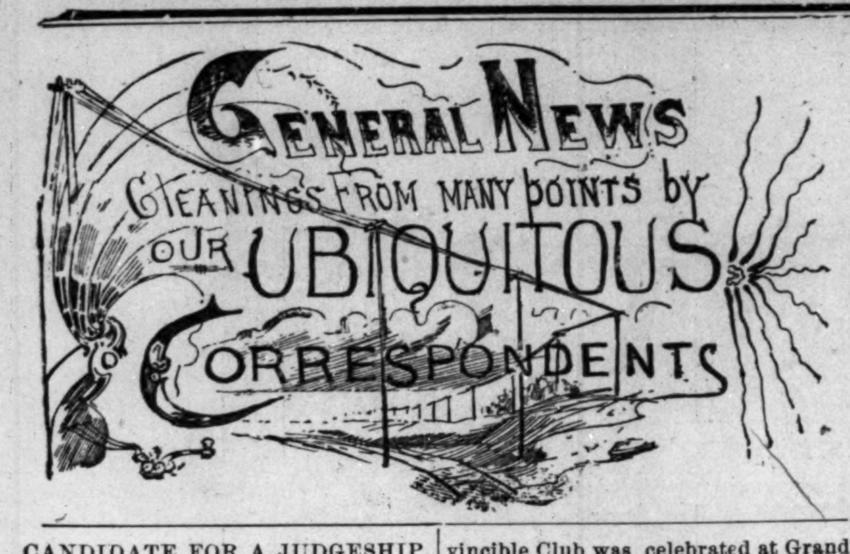
HON. JOHN H. CARR.
Phillips County.

HON. G. W. WATSON.
Crittenden County.

HON. S. W. DAWSON.
Jefferson County.

HON. H. A. JOHNSON.
Chicot County.

MEMBERS OF THE PRESENT ARKANSAS LEGISLATURE.



CANDIDATE FOR A JUDGESHIP.

HON. J. M. LANGSTON PUTS IN APPLICATION FOR A POSITION IN THE NEWLY CREATED JUDICIARY.—NOTES.

Washington, D. C., Special to The Freeman.

On Tuesday last, Gen. Albert Ordway, commander of the militia of the District, issued an order disbanding the 7th and 8th Batallions of the District National Guards. Both of these commands are colored, and this action on the part of Gen. Ordway is regarded as the culminating point in his desire to eliminate the colored element from the guards at the Capitol. Denunciations of the conduct of this officer are coming in thick and fast at the indignity heaped upon the heads of the colored defenders of the Capital. The disbandment was made on the so-called charge that Congress failed to provide appropriation sufficient to maintain the entire guard, but Gen. Ordway could have disbanded some of the whites which were inferior in drill, etc., to the colored troops. This is an example of the prejudice existing in the Nation's Capitol.

Hon. T. E. Miller of South Carolina, left for his home last week. Before his departure he made known his determination of contesting the seat of which he has been robbed by the courts of South Carolina.

One of the rising young men of the race is Prof. R. H. Terrell, chief of a division in the Treasury Department. He is a man of scholarly abilities, and was a teacher in the colored High School before his appointment to his present lucrative position by Secretary Windom.

Rev. J. W. E. Bowen has been returned as pastor of Asbury M. E. Church, by the M. E. Conference which met at Baltimore, recently. This is in accordance with the wishes of the congregation of the church by whom Dr. Bowen is well liked.

Rev. J. A. White, who was expelled from the M. E. Conference of this city, has instituted suit for $50,000 against that body for unlawful expulsion and defamation of character. Rev. White is at present employed in the Government service, and his suit is looked forth to with a great deal of interest.

One searching for the purest of race prejudice need not go further than the Nation's Capital to find it. Some weeks ago Miss Gertrude Smith was insulted at the lunch counter of the largest dry goods houses in the city, by being refused to be served. She will bring suit against the firm under the Civil Rights law.

Hon. J. M. Langston is a candidate for one of the judgships created by the last Congress. In pushing his candidacy for the place, he maintains that the race should be represented on the bench, and that now is the opportunity. Mr. Langston has the backing of the greater part of the colored race all over the country, and should he be elected would reflect credit upon himself and his race.

One of the interesting features of the Emancipation exercises will be the reading of essays by pupils of the eighth grades of the High and Normal schools, for which prizes are offered. The essays will be judged by a committee of Prof. H. P. Montgomery, supervising principal of the colored schools, Prof. Gregory, instructor in latin at Howard University, and Prof. J. W. Cromwell, principal of Garnet school.

Rev. W. H. Draper, pastor of Ebenezer M. E. Church, of this city, was tendered a reception on Tuesday evening last, at the above named church. Rev. Draper has served the church faithfully for 5 years, the time alloted by the laws of the church, and he leaves with the well wishes of the congregation which he has served so faithfully. He was the recipient of a purse of $150 and several other handsome presents at the hands of the clubs and organizations of the church.

It is reported that two troops of Afro-American cavalry are to be ordered to Ft. Myer, about three miles from this city. An order of this kind is gratefully received by army men and especially by those who have been hard worked on the Western frontiers with the Indians, as is the case with these colored guards of the United States. Their arrival is looked for with eagerness by the Afro-Americans of this city, and satisfaction is expressed generally for this recognition of their services at the hands of the War Department.

On Thursday evening last the seventh anniversary of the Blaine Invincible Club was celebrated at Grand Army Hall. The special feature of the occasion was the presentation to Col P. H. Carson of a handsome gold watch and chain, and a diamond scarf pin as a testimonial for his labors in behalf of his race. The hall was crowded, and excellent singing was rendered by the Metropolitan and M. E. Zion Church choirs. The meeting was addressed by Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Day, of Harrisburg, after which the watch and pin were presented to Col. Carson, who made a short, but effective speech of thanks. C. S. D.

DRAWN BY A LAWYER'S ELOQUENCE.

The Social and Personal World About the Falls City.

Louisville, Ky., Special to The Freeman.

If the U. B. F. & S. M. T., of this city, want to make a good step, let them select a new set of brothers that are not influenced by Odd Fellows, as trustees of the building and have a new floor put in.

Whenever Prof. J. W. Lawson is going to argue a case in the high court it seems that every body in the city goes down to hear him.

The newly elected officers of Joint Lodge and Temple of the U. B. F. & S. M. T., held their first meeting last Monday.

Soon as the weather will permit the 12th street Church and the Odd Fellow's will commence to rebuild.

The St. James Old Folks Home is not making much headway in raising the money over-due on the home,

The Y. M. C. A. celebrated their sixth anniversary at their hall, 303 Pearl street, Sunday week with a large attendance.

Mrs. J. R. W. Riley has returned, after four weeks visiting relatives in Lexington and Cincinnati.

Don't fail to attend the grand musical and literary concert at Jacob Street Church April 14th.

Prof. Gilliard entertained his class with a social last Wednesday night.

The closing exercises of the night school took place Friday night.

Annie Murfree and Jesse Graham were married Thursday, the 26th.

Jacob Street Church will celebrate its anniversary April 25th.

Mrs. H. Jackson has returned from Lexington, Ky.

J. T. Bell is very sick at the State University.

Rev. J. H. Jackson, of Indianapolis, is in the city.

Matthew Carter, of Sonora, Ky., is in the city.

H. A. Hatcher is back from Chicago.

John Easley is dead.

Exercises at Broadway.

Staunton, Va., Special to The Freeman.

Broadway is a village about three miles from Staunton. It has an enrolment of eighty-two scholars. The most advanced of these with the assistance of the Senior Normal Class of Greenville, under the management of Rev. W. H. Lee, Prin., gave an entertainment. The exercises consisted of orations, declamations, essays, and solos. The following may be made special mention; A. L. Richardson select reading; Anna Thomas, solo: Anna Richardson essay, Margaret Ellis solo Lizzie Coleman and Laura Smith, dialogue; and the declamations rendered by Oliver Thompson.——Much credit is due Prof. J. L. Peters and Miss M. J. Powell as well as Rev. W. H. Lee for the noble manner in which the exercises were conducted. S. M. W.

Personal Paragraphs.

Earlington, Ky., Special to The Freeman.

Prof. Shaw made a business trip to Evansville, Ind., last week.——Mr. Art Campbell of Nashville, Tenn., was in the City last week on business.——Mrs. Smith and Caroline Lane are sick.——Mrs. Allen Lounsford is in the city visiting friends.——Rev. L. B. Ratliff has returned from Hopkinsville where he was at the bedside of a very sick niece.——Rev. John Mc Combs of Hopkinsville was in the city lastweek.——The revival at the Baptist Church is in fine progress.——The ministers and deacon's meeting met here last week.——Mrs. Sarah Duncan visited Madisonville Sunday.——Miss Susie Farman left Sunday for Louisville.——Miss Ophelia Edgar made a visit to Madisonville Sunday.——Allen Lounsford of New Orleans was here last week.——John Lawson made a visit to Hopkinsville.——Miss Susie Offutt. took very sick last Sunday. B. H.

SOCIETY IS ON A BOOM.

Personals—Sickness—Enterprise.

Toledo, Ohio., Special to The Freeman.

Society is on a boom.—Mrs. Charles Payne gave a delightful reception on last Thursday evening.—Mrs. James G. Miller returned from Chicago last Friday.—Miss Bessie Miller is visiting at Detroit.—The two literary societies are progressing nicely.—J. Madison Bell will read an original poem at the Third Baptist church the 26th.—Wm. Earnest in company with other leading citizens are formulating plans to organize a building and loan association.—Rev. O. P. Ross writes that he is so much improved he will return home about April 1st.—J. L. Durham, was elected president of the Eureka literary society at their last election.—Rev. M. A. Dyer is making efforts to raise $1000 to apply upon a new church May 1st.—Our colored politicans are putting up J. Madison Bell for Police Commissioner.—C. H. Davis wants to make the run for constable.—Miss Anna Rodrick who spent the winter at Milwaukee will return home this week.—Queen Victoria Council under the direction of Mrs. George Brown gave one of their delightful entertainments Friday evening. J. A. C.

Hyacinthe Club Entertained.

Carondelett, Mo., Special to The Freeman.

The Hyacinthe L. & S. Club met and was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Chas. T. Pettis at 6120 S. Broadway. The constitution and by-laws were read and taken under advisement until next regular meeting when they will be approved, and permanent officers will be elected.——H. W. Sexton has gone to Hot Springs, Ark.——Mrs. Henry Irving is visiting friends in Kimmswick, Mo.——Mrs. Annie Lewis has moved her saloon to 22nd and Papan Sts.——Major Samuel Pruitt and Sherman Busch paid Carondelett a visit last week.——Mrs. Julia Samuels has gone to Paris, Mo., to attend the wedding of one of her adopted children.

sionary tea at Miss Carrie Miles' was something new in that line.——The A. M. E. church will begin to repair the church the 15th of next month.——A. J. King gives a lecture at the A. M. E. church, Tuesday night.——M. Jacobs desires to thank her patrons for their kindness in the past. M. C.

A BEAUTIFUL STRUCTURE.

The Faithful Work of Teachers and Minister.

Macon, Miss., Special to The Freeman.

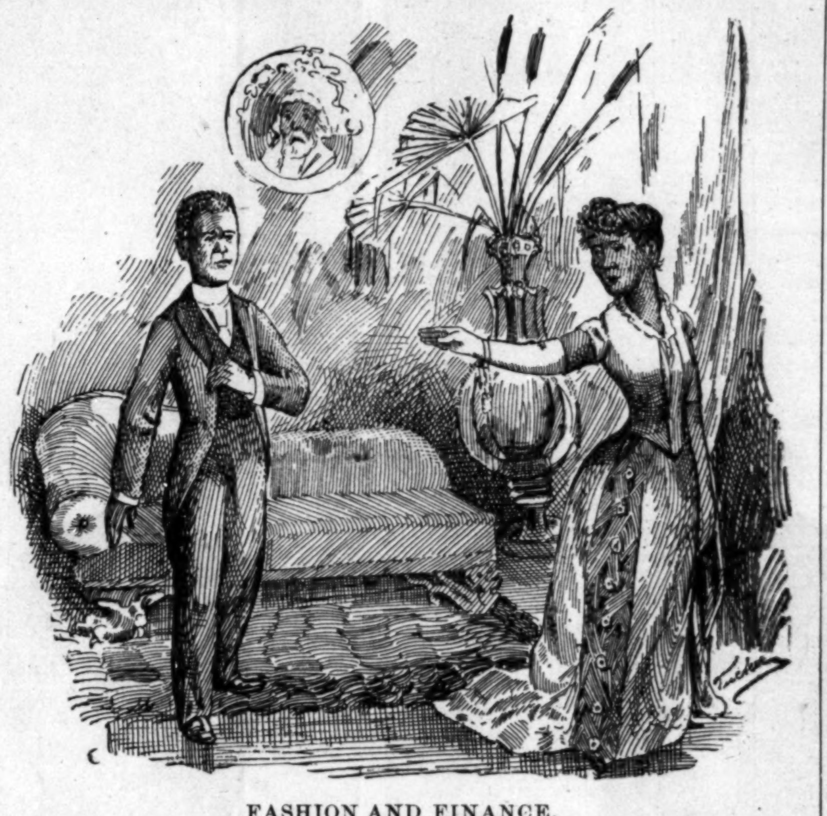
St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church is a very beautiful and neatly built structure. This edifice is capable of seating nearly five hundred people. Rev. L. F. White, the pastor, has served here two years with credit to himself and people. The Sunday School, under E. C. Lucas, is a success.—Macon graded school No. 2 with Mrs. A. W. Lucas, a thorough educator principal is being a grand work. Mrs. Lucas and her assistants, R. E. L. Eastland, F. J. Muray, A. L. Grigsby, Ella Eastland and Patience Massengale are due much credit for their faithful labors. W. S. F.

On Trial for Murder.

Philadelphia, Pa., Special to The Freeman.

For the past week the city of Camden has created quite a sensation among the Philadelphia citizens. A colored man by the name of Francis Lingo was arrested and accused of killing Anna Miller; there being not much show for a colored man in New Jersey, so the jury found him guilty of murder in the first degree. The Philadelphia people, white and black, think that it's because of his color. It was said by well known Camden men that the verdict would never stand. Those who heard the testimony are almost unanimous in their expressions.

T. D. Hayes, son of D. Hayes, one of the richest cotton planters in New Texas, La., is attending the Business College at Oberlin, Ohio.



FASHION AND FINANCE.

Wife—"It is the fashion now for ladies to wear crowns instead of hats at the oper."
Husband—"Could human idiocy go further? Crowns! Crowns in free America! Cost a fortune, too, I suppose?"
Wife—"Very pretty little trinkets for opera wear can be got for fifty cents."
Husband—"Um—one might as well be out of the world as out of the fashion. Get one, of course."

A MINISTER DIES SUDDENLY.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., Special to The Freeman.

Miss Francis Gray has gone to the Magic City.——Mrs. Mary Whiting is visiting her sick daughter at Sheffield.——Cornelius Brooks died near Birmingham on the 14th; his remains were brought there and interred.——Mrs. C. May is convalscing.——Miss Minnie Whiting has gone to Hillman.——Mrs. Hattie Brown is able to be out.——The C. M. E church gave a supper on the 20th.——An unsuccessful attempt to rob the Post Office was made on the 15th.——S. T. Laton has closed his school at Liberty.——Mrs. Jennie Barnes is visiting relatives at Clinton, Miss.——Rev. H. W. Goode died suddenly at Livingston.

RIGHTEOUSLY INDIGNANT.

Dennison, Texas, Special to The Freeman.

The colored people are making an effort for more school buildings. Speeches were made by Rev. J. A. Coleman and Wm. B. Johnson urging the colored people to demand their rights; several candidates for aldermantic honors pledged themselves to that effect.——The colored people are quite indignant over the separate coach measure in as much as nurses are permitted to ride in white coaches. Unless in the capacity of a servant no Negro need apply.—The Freeman will be delivered to subscribers every week. WARDEN.

A COLORED DRAMATIC CLUB.

SICKNESS.—DEATH.—PERSONALS.

Bloomington, Ind., Special to The Freeman.

The Second Baptist Church organized a literary society last Thursday night.——Mrs. Susan Nelson departed this life March 2nd.——The colored dramatic club gave the "Lady of Lyons" at the opera house last Wednesday night. The entertainment was for the benefit of the A. M. E. church. Thirty dollars were cleared The mis-

NO COLORED CHURCHES WANTED.

A Prominent Divine Favors the Abolishment of Negro Churches.

Columbus, Ohio, Special to The Freeman.

Perhaps it would be a good thing for Afro-Americans in the various communities in which they may be located, to consider well the advisability of forming unions, or organizing wholly among themselves wherever social or industrial institutions permit black men and women to unite with all other races for mutual benefit, and where they receive fair and equitable treatment, the same as the whites mete out to each other. It would seem to be unwise for the Afro-Americans in such locality to isolate themselves to merely demonstrate capacity to succeed alone.

Rev. Jas. Poindexter is quoted as saying recently that he could wish "that there might never be any more colored churches built." The rumor has provoked much much discussion, even outside of the membership of his church.

Prof. John Ransom is doing noble work among musical circles in our city. He is a credit to our race, and is "in it" when par excellence is credited to those who merit it.

Observance of Easter.

Springfield, Ill., Special to The Freeman.

Rev. J. W. Countee of Memphis, Tenn., filled the pulpit of the U. Baptist church on Sunday morning and night.—Easter will be observed by all the churches.—The Knight Templars annual sermon will be preached by the Rev. T. W. Henderson of St. Paul A. M. E. church on Easter Sunday.—The Sewing circle of Willing Workers will give a grand egg entertainment on the 27th.—The Sons of Veterans gave a musical concert on the 27th at Schuck's hall.—Miss Laura Bradford made a flying trip to St. Louis on the 14th to visit her cousin. J. C.

Musical Organizations—Easter Services.

Saratoga Sp'gs, N. Y. Special to The Freeman.

The A. M. E. Zion church Sunday the 22nd. preaching by Rev. J. C. Allen; lyceum at four p. m. which gave a very interesting program.——The Lyceum will give a supper April 7th in which the Harmony singing club and the Saratoga Glee club will perform.——Miss M. Pennington arrived from Albany boarding school to spend Easter.——The choir of the A. M. E. Zion church is busily engaged getting ready for Easter in which they are to be assisted by Freeman's orchestra: Miss L. Linton pianist.——The Odd Fellows met Monday the 23rd.——The Rebecca Household mets Tuesday the 24th.——V n Buren barber shop was removed on the first of the month.——A. broom drill will be given on the 12th of April at Troy. r. W.

PLENTY OF MONEY.

Knoxville, Tenn., Special to The Freeman.

It looks as if there is some money in circulation for the First Baptist church raised $230 March 22nd and the Presbyterian church $50.——A Civil Service examination was held here March 18th and a number of young men were examined.——Burgluring seems to be prevalent in this city. The whites are stealing by the wholesale and the colored are stealing merely nothing, cigars and such like.——S. R. Maples Esq, our leading justice is doing great work in his line of business. He is considered by both white and black to be the best in the city.——It is reported we are to have seperate cars. C. J.

Stood Civil Service Examination.

Lexington, Tenn., Special to The Freeman.

The Young Men's Debating Club is a success.——Sam White died of pneumonia on the 18th and was buried on the 19th, Rev. Dr. E. E. Hansbrough officiating.——H. T. Pyles returned from Memphis on the 19th where he stood a civil service examination.————Rev. A. P. Powell is attending his appointments this week.——Mrs. E. E. Hansbrough and Mrs. A. P. Powell are sick.——C. E. Jackson runs a first-class barber shop.——Messrs. Lewis Melton and Edward Shrewsberry are two of our progressing carpenters.——J. B. Walker is sick.——The representative wishes to send in a large list next week. HAMILIS.

WANTED.

An agent in every town and city to introduce Price's Flower of Youth. Fifty to one hundred dollars per month. Address, JOHN Q. PRICE, Hillsboro, Ohio.

Gaining Friends.

Brinkley Ark., Feb., 1891.

Dear Sir:
I am one of the most interested readers that the paper has here and I am one of its first subscribers; it is the best paper that I have ever read and it is an evident fact that it is gaining friends here every day.

Yours truly, A. C SPANS.

Best Ever Published.

Hungerford. Texas, Feb., 1891.

Dear Sir—I am glad that I have the opportunity of recommending your paper; it is the best paper that has ever been published by the race. Please enroll my name on your subscription list Yours for success, D. D. OWENS.

Should be in Every Family.

The Freeman of Indianapolis, Ind., the only illustrated colored newspaper in the world, is in every respect a worthy and creditable one. The paper should go into every colored family.—Findlay (O.,) Daily Morning Republican.

The Best Ever Read.

Aberdeen, Miss., Feb., 1891.

Editor Cooper:—Your paper is the best colored ournal I have ever read. C. W. ANDERSON.

An Able Paper.

The Freeman is an able newspaper, printed at Indianapolis, Ind., by colored men and in the interest of the colored people.—Lima (O.) Daily Gazette.

The Best on its Desk.

The Freeman is the best Negro exchange we have on our desk, (secular.) It is one of the best papers of the kind published, and its success is due largely to its independent thought and stand. A few more of such papers will aid materially in solving the race problem—Iowa District News.

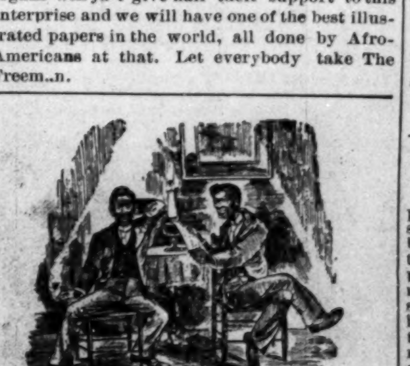
A GREAT NEWPAPER.

A. E. Williams—Supreme Chancellor of K. of P. in the Journal of Lodge.

While in Indianapolis we had occasion to visit the office of The Freeman. The magnitude of which there is no conception (unless you visit the same.) We found it one of the greatest illustrated newspaper offices west of the Alleghenys. We can cheerfully compare its age and disadvantages to the great Harpers and Leslies of the East, whom it took many years to bring them to their present standard.

We can say for the Freeman that it is the paper for the coming Afro-American. We found its outfit equal to any; large, fine commodious editorial rooms, counting rooms, composing rooms, mailing rooms, typewriting and directory rooms, and press rooms with the latest improved presses. There are quite a number of employes, all Afro-Americans so far as we could see, and we judge Manager Cooper's expenses would average $500 per week; yet all moves along smoothly without a single jar.

Editor Cooper has the necessary qualifications, energy and pluck to make The Freeman a success. We hope our readers of the Democratic organs will just give half their support to this enterprise and we will have one of the best illustrated papers in the world, all done by Afro-Americans at that. Let everybody take The Freeman.



SIMPLE AS A B C.

Prisoner—"So you think you can get me off?"
Lawyer—"Easily enough. I will prove to the court that you are a lunatic, and you will be sent to an asylum."
"But how am I to get out of the asylum?"
"I will prove to the superintendent that you are not a lunatic." —Good News.

RECRUITS WANTED.

FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY. Able bodied unmarried men between the ages of twenty-one and thirty-five years. Good pay rations, clothing and medical attendance. Apply at 82½ East Washington street, Indianapolis, Ind.

PENSIONS.

H. Planter, Leavenworth, Kan. four years and seven months in U. S. Army, 10 years experience as Claim Agent, prosecutes Pensions, bounty, Back Pay and all classes of legislative claims Send for blanks, circulars, etc. ☛ Mention this paper.

THE FREEMAN is for sale by Samuel Fisher, 700 Kaighn's Ave., Camden, N. J., dealer in fine cigars and tobacco. Also Sunday and weekly papers.

NOTICE.

The United Grand Commandery of the State of Pennsylvania will hold their annual conclave in Pittsburgh, May 14th and 15th.

THE UNITED CHRISTIANS DIRECTORY of Chicago, published annually in the interest of Christians and friends of Churches and Societies with valuable information of other cities. 1890 first year. Price 25 cents, by mail 27 cents. Address Geo. Washington, 150 Dearborn St., Chicago, Room 43.

LOST RELATIVES.

I would like to know the whereabouts of my people whom I have not seen or heard of since the war. They lived in Delta County, Mississippi and belonged to a man named Gamble. Their names were—mother and father—Anthony and Ellen; brothers, Ellison, Henry, Alander and Walter; sisters, Harriet, Channie, Emline, Mollie and Jane. They went by the name of Gamble at this time. Any information concerning them will be thankfully received.

MRS. ELIZA DYSON,
3113 Bell Avenue,
St. Louis, Mo.

I would like to learn something of my sister, Mary C. Brown. When last heard from she was in Cheyenne, Wyoming Territory. She also lived in Omaha, Neb. Any information concerning her whereabouts will be thankfully received by M. L. Brown, 310 Grant street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Information is wanted of Octavius Oldwine, who was last heard of at Point Pleasant, La. His sister, Mrs Addie Johnson, would like to hear from him, or concerning him. Address, 62 Whiting Street, Chicago, Ills.

Any information concerning Tony Dickens of St Loius, but who may be in Kansas City at present, will be thankfully received and rewarded by Mrs Lucy Dickens, No. 10 Ash St., Hot Springs, Ark. It is to the interest of Tony Dickens to answer at once.

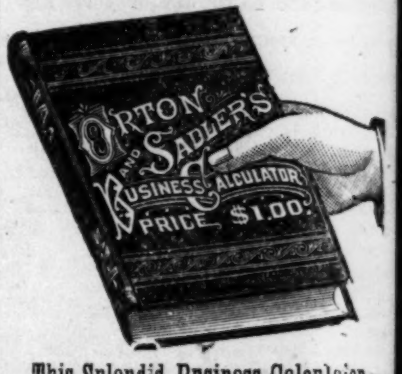
Very Respectfully,
H. T JOHNSON.

T. T. Brown, who is the son of Clara Bruce, who used to belong to Thos. T. Bolden, of Charlotte county, Virginia, wishes to learn of his sisters, brothers and relatives. Any information can be sent to T. T. Brown, Berkley Springs. W. Va.

I would like to know the whereabouts of my brother, whose name, Grant Gist. He left home (in South Carolina) in 1887 and the last heard of him was in November, 1888. He was then at Triumph, P O, Maryland, about ten miles from Baltimore. Any insormation concerning him will be cheerfully received his brother, John S Gist, Fort Washakie, Wyoming.

FOR SALE.

THE FREEMAN is for sale at T. E. Richardson's Barber shop, 190 Market Street, Charleston, S. C., T. R. Adair, agent.



This Splendid Business Calculator will be sent to any address on receipt of $1.00, or free to any person who will send in two subscriptions to THE FREEMAN.

JOHNSON'S - CAFE.

The Leading Restaurant

We still hold the fort and guarantee satisfaction. Better than ever, hence our business has increased.

Isaac Johnson, 64 Indiana Ave.

Coke For Sale.

—AT THE—

GAS WORKS at 7¢ per bushel for lump, and 8¢ per bushel for crushed, to all those who desire it. Tickets obtained at 49 S. Pennsylvania St.

$15 TO $60 Per Week MADE SELLING THESE **Roasters and Bakers!**

Sell to every family and never fail to give satisfaction. Write for circulars and testimonials from people all over the United States.

AGENTS WANTED in every city and county. Don't delay, but address at once, The Leach Roaster and Baker Co., PAXTON, ILLINOIS.

New Pension Law

All disabled soldiers and the dependent widows and minor children of all deceased soldiers who are not now drawing pensions are benefitted by this law.

For full information and blanks call on or address BENJ. C. WRIGHT & CO., No. 29½ N Penn. St., Indianapolis, Ind. Send for a copy of the law.

☛ Mention this paper.

ALL ABOUT SHORTHAND.

This is the title of a thirty-six page pamphlet of information, containing answers to all the questions an inquirer would be likely to ask about systems, books, instruction, salaries of stenographers, how to secure positions, etc., etc. It will show what young men have done at home on farms and in workshops; how from the humblest beginnings the highest success has been reached by learning this art of piece-meal study, and while pursuing other occupations. The success of stenographers as compared with the success of young men in any other vocation of life, will be seen to be marvelous and encouraging. The author of this system was himself a farmer's boy and learned the art while following the plow. The information he gives in this pamphlet will be of interest and value to every young man (or young women either) who must earn their own living. The pamphlet is mailed for five one cent postage stamps to anyone writing for it and mentioning the paper in which this article appears. Address D. L. Scott-Browne, 251 West 14th Street, New York, N. Y.

"SEPARATE COACHES."

ALL THAT CAN BE SAID AGAINST THE BILL JUST PASSED.

Speech of Representative J. G. Lucas, of Jefferson Co., in the Arkansas Legislature February 17, 1891.

Mr. Speaker— I represent in this Arkansas body nearly 10,000 of the voters of our much beloved State. I present this anomaly in this House of representing a constituency in large proportions mixed, but with my own race and the Republican party largely in the majority; yet, was I elected by both parties?

I deeply deplore the fact which stares me in the face with an almost blinding intensity that either an untoward fortune, or a benign Providence has placed about me and my people a barrier and an environment, which compels me to designate and to speak of a certain portion of our citizens as a class, and as my own people. You, who represent a majority in this House, are alone responsible for this. Whether of Puritanic stock, seeking an asylum from the heavy handed oppressor of monarchial England or of Jamestown extracting seeking an eldorado of ease, the water troubled into waves by the sail-filled vessel that wafted you to this smiling land, had not resumed its peaceful level when in its wake followed another vessel ladened with the groans of a people despairing and heart-broken; torn from their fatherland to serve as slaves to an alien and superior race. The suffering of the Jews in Egypt of Biblical history; of the Christian of the Spanish Inquisition, of the Irish, or of the Russian Jew of to day, pale into an insignificant nonentity when compared with the sufferings that my people have endured.

The horrors of the middle passage may never be portrayed, but the whitened bones of the innocent dead as they lay in the vessel's course as they plied their nefarious trade o'er the trackless deep. "They cry from unknown graves, we are the witness." Freed by a long train of events by force of circumstances, because it was and is right that men should be free; after twenty-seven years of freedom and twenty years of citizenship in the land made rich by our toil and our tears, we have been oppressed in our liberties inch by inch until the very name of the Constitution and the Constitutional Amendments have become a by word and reproach, serving only to remind us of our utter helplessness and hopelessness.

Out of the waste of the former slave holding states, the colored citizens of Arkansas have been wont to boast that in this state, at least, he was free as every other citizen under her sacred protection, and that from one cover to the other of her beneficent statutes, no law nor allusion marked a prohibition, nor designated him on account of his race; and that here, at least, a man for a that.

While attending school down East, the Boston Globe, which, probably, has the largest circulation of any newspaper in New England, took occasion to interview me concerning Arkansas, which communication was published in that periodical of December 8, 1886. Among other things, I stated that there was neither distinction nor separation allowed by law upon public carriers in this section; that our "Bill of rights" was as liberal as those of Massachusetts; that it was an inviting field to young men; that a liberal public sentiment prevailed and no hinderances were met with anywhere.

When I shall next meet, my friends of other portions of the country, I shall do so with uncovered head and a becoming expression that shall be in keeping with my feelings, should this measure pass; for in view of the separate coach bill, I must admit to all who heard or read my proud assertions regarding my native state that she has predestined and proscribed the class of her citizens to which I belong to moral obloquy and degradation.

"Let the heavens be hung in black,
And let the earth put mourning on."

For Arkansas shakes hands across the Mississippi's murky waters to her nether shore and alights herself with her now notorious prototype.

My people have been charged by some of the newspapers of being ashamed of their own people, and I here took occasion to say that the assumption as stated and meant is utterly false.

We are proud of our people, proud of our wonderful progress from the degration forced upon us to education and entelligence, proud of our noble and aspiring ambition, proud of the ability we have shown to take care of ourselves in the great and unequal contests in our country, under the shadow of an arrogant and superior people, for life, liberty and property, but most proud are we of the high moral standard to which we aspire and have in a gaeat measure attained.

In this particular we have done less and still have been worthy of praise, for in all of our moral shortcomings, we have not only had bad models in many instances, but we have in most of our failings been often aided by your superior intelligence. But we are ashamed of some individuals of our race, as you should be of many individuals of yours; but it is not true that we are ashamed of any portion of our race as a class. We have no case distinctions, based upon color, as has been intimated, for whom we desire special coaches, neither have we distinction of class as have you, but upon a broader plane; the colored people honor individual worth and integrity in whatever circumstances in life found.

We are ashamed of some of our race, and you or your race should feel more ashamed of the same class in your race, who, after more than 250 years of the utmost freedom and liberty of the New World, are, as yet, the same squalid savages and bloodthirsty villains as when the conquering legions of Julius Caesar first looked upon them in England. There are they of our race who shame us, after twenty-seven years of partial freedom. You ask, then, why object to separate coaches? We will tell you; "A bill was introduced in the present Congress of the United States by the Republicans, through the person of Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, which was known as the Lodge Bill. This bill, according to its reading and presumed legal interpretation, had for its object the prevention of fraud in elections and to give the whole country, as near as might be, a free ballot and a fair count. This measure, so fair upon its face, and so clear according to legal interpretations, and supported from its very inception by the rank and file of the Republican party, upon any reasonable view and ordinary interpretation of the bill, the logic of the argument was largely with the Republicans. To a stranger without a knowledge of the condition of politics and of public sentiment in this country almost any argument against the measure would have seemed the veriest obstinacy and sophistry. But to the scholar and the politician there is a reading between the lines and a meaning therein which no rule of grammar, rentoric or logic may circumscribe or explain.

This interpretation proceeds upon the presumption that words are marshaled, not only to convey, but to conceal a meaning, and none know this better than does the politician.

The Democratic party seized with avidity upon an interpretation wholly unwarranted upon the face of the bill and from the phraseology, but which was from their point of view warranted from the reading between the lines.

The Democratic party charged, and successfully, as the sequel shows, that outside of any argument that might, with reason, be urged against the passage from a standpoint of centralization of government, or in defense of State sovereignity, it was sectional in its effect; intended only for operation in the South, and could be naught but class and partisan legislation. Because, as they charged, it was a Republican measure, the appointing power, and those who would be entrusted with its enforcement, would be Republicans; consequently its enforcement would be partisan and in the interest of and to maintain the Republican party in power.

Entering the arena of the autumn elections with the slogan, the Democracy was enabled not only to regain lost ground, but, also, to secure new political territory and consequent party ascendency. It cannot be denied that glaring and blatant as was, and has been the course of Democracy in the South, in the unlawful and forcible disfranchisement of a class of its citizens, yet, without denying, evading or pallibting those facts charged against them, the overflowing majority which that party returns to the next Congress snows that however wrong the act of suppressing votes may be the sentiment of the country is firmly set against political, sectional and class legislation as the people understand it. The Democratic party in the South, and particularly in the State of Arkansas, if they read history with a discriminating judgement, should know that history repeats itself, that reforms do not move backward, and that if success has power to elevate it hath also strenth to degrade.

The Democratic party in the pursuit of a just course might well divide, if not altogether assimilate the colored vote of Arkansas and of the South, as it has already done in a great measure in the North. But no party, by the abuse of its power, has ever made friends of the people they oppress. The colored man of the South, and in Arkansas, is not so much a Republican from choice as from circumstances. The Democratic party has an opportunity to make friends with the black man. Will it do it?

The South and Arkansas may shut their eyes to the great facts in the history of the development of ideas in this country, and she may lend a deaf ear to the opportunities of justice—alas, she may miscontrue the trend of thought and the evolution of ideas, but the world moves, nevertheless, grandly and nobly on, and recks not those who having eyes see not, having ears hear not, and having understanding note not the advancement and progression in the world's field of thought. As whispered Galileo more than 250 years ago, it still must be confessed, "It does move, nevertheless.

Europe, that has seen the reformation and given to the world a Luther and freedom of religious belief; France, that has felt the revolution and given to the world a Napoleon and a Republic; The United States of America, which has given to the world the greatest of all revolutions and reformations, and placed liberty upon a pedestal triumphant, enlightening the world, will and must eventually do full and complete justice to its black citizens, and award to them their full dues with interest.

The bill now before this House for ultimate and final action is one of those measures which, had it been introduced ten or fifteen years since, would have provoked litt e if any adverse criticism or opposition. But the measure, coming at this time, is without the semblance of justification or palliation; for, if for political policy, it is an unworthy method of attaining that object. We are opposed to the measure because, if not unconstitutional, which we deny, regardless of what some courts have declared the law it is contrary to the genius of our Government, as expressed and as read between the lines of our State and National Constitutions. Though Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina, has denied the divine truths uttered by Jefferson, and as signed by John Hancock and others, "that all men are born free and equal and endowed with certain inalienable rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happines," yet we predict that these immortal truths of Jefferson, which he stated as truths "self-evident," will survive the attack of this lilliputian.

For though slavery cursed the country at the time when these truths were uttered, and some for this very reason objected to the statement, yet did the immortal Jefferson lay this at the very corner stone of Democracy, maintain the principle and retain the assertion. Why was there a difference between Jefferson and other slave owner concerning this assertion? It was because it was stultification of their actions and an acknowledgement of their own sin which they uncovered, though convinced, hated to concede. Jefferson asserted that since the above assertion was true, slavery must ultimately die. It did die, and as the result, we are now engaged in the future defense of the immortal principle that as an entering wedge caused its death.

Jefferson believed in individual and universal liberty, with the slightest possible centralization of government, but believed not at all in paternalism. You Democrats who favor this measure review the catechism of your faith and see if your Democracy coincides with your great prototype. We are opposed to the measure because it prohibits and prevents free men not only to choose their own company, but wrongfully and unlawfully restrains the citizens in his person. It is duress restraint of liberty. It is by all laws known an unlawful imprisonment; for the State has no right to make a law which distinguishes between its citizens by reason of color, and for that reason to say that you whose skin is white shall go into this place, but you whose skin is darker must enter here. The State has no right to grant certain liberties to one class and restrain another class from the same privileges both being citizens under the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution. But if this bill do no other good, it pleases us to know that while many times you will entertain colored person in white coaches, unwittingly, you will often taste of the indignities we have suffered in a vain attempt to prove ourselves white. We are opposed to the measure because it seeks to pander, not to the convenience of the people, but to gratify and keep alive a prejudice among our citizens, fast becoming extinct We are lastly and most strongly opposed to the measure, because the spirit that actuates the supporters of the bill, is that same spirit that has placed itself in the path of liberty whenever and wherever she has been opposed.

We read between the lines of the Separate Coach bill the same spirit and intent which you claim in opposition to the "Force Bill." The provisions as seen between its readings, mean degredation, not elevation; obloquy, not civil citizenship; civil ostracism, not civil recognition, and lastly, it means inferior and insufficient accommodations for the colored man—the "jim crow car."

The working of the bill, apparently intending to secure "equal accommodations," is a delusion and a snare. The railroads will not comply with the spirit nor the apparent provisions of bill. The author of this bill charges the colored people with the old "hue and cry" and bugbear of a few woeful misconstructions, "social equality." This is the Democratic nightmare as a "whip to hoard the wretch in order." The only trouble is this: that the gentlemen cannot or will not see the distinction betwixt civil equality and social equality. Civil equality is the right to have what you pay for, and to enjoy it as any other citizen, regardless of color: social equality cannot be regulated by any law; it is a law unto itself. He says he can't see the distinction between having our own churches, schools, hotels, etc. Well, the gentleman has two distinct ideas very badly mixed The hotel and the railroad car are public servants. They are for the accommodation of the public for whomsoever may apply in proper condition to receive their privileges. No sensible man expects social recognition at a public place, or upon public carriers, whatever his race, simply because he pays for their privileges. The hotel and the railroad car are like the highway, but upon a more limited scale. The railroad is nothing but a private highway for the accommodation of the public. It would be just as reasonable and proper for the State to place a dividing line through its public roads for the two races, or to require cities to divide their streets, or even to require all white people to live in one particular portion of our cities and the colored people in the other portion, or if you please, in different towns. It would be quite as sensible and consistent as to compel railroads to furnish "separate accommodations." There are no laws requiring white and colored people to attend separate churches, because this is a social affair and society regulates itself. The church is a large family; it is a congregation and aggregation of individuals who have agreed and do agree to work and associate themselves together for religious purposes. A stranger to the agreement has no more right to force himself upon them as a member, than he has a right to force his companionship upon a family or an individual. The privileges of the highway, of the railway, and of the hotel, as well as the public theatres, are inherent rights under our Constitution and laws, while those of the family and the church are individual and acquired rights, depending upon the mutual consent of two or more persons; in other words, one is a natural right of which the State has naught to do. The State cannot select my friends nor associates.

Those who charge us with desiring social equality and of forcing ourselves upon our white neighbors should remember that whatever mingling of the races that has occured was not sought by us; neither were we the invaders, but in nearly every instance we have been the victims and we the invaded. Out of a bounty and plenty of culture and refinment we are satisfied and glad to wed amongt our own; for have we not samples of all complexions and features and textures of hair, if you please, that all the races afford, from the fair haired daughter of the Caucasus to the raven-haired maid of voluptuous Spain? He or sh among us must indeed be an epicure that from our goodly quantity and from among our different qualities may not find satisfaction. It is the dissatisfaction of some of our neighbors with their own, it would seem, that from their own restraint (which does not restrain) they must have laws to prevent this race antipathy of which they love to prate. Is it true, as charged, that we use less soap and God's pure water than other people? that it is sought to isolate us from other fellow citizens? It has been heralded to the world by those who would justify the Democratic party of Arkansas in their platform of 1890, demanding "separate coaches," that the Negro is not so clean and pleasant to eye as he should be; but that some few other Negroes are less objectionable because refined, intelligent and genteel. Why, some of our Democratic papers have said that the more money, intelligence and gentility, the more objectionable the Negro. Which is the truth? Do our white friends demand this law that they may not be compelled to travel in the same car with the former class? Or is it the constant growth of a more refined, intelligent, and I might say a perfumed class, that grows more and more obnoxious as they more nearly approximate to our white friends' habits and plane of life?

Who are employed as your servants throughout the South in preference and to the exclusion of every other class? Who is he that attends to the very delicate duties that bring persons in closer relations than any other; that sits by the side of yon delicate and refined young lady, laughing, covered by the same lap cloth? Who is the scraper of your chin, with his face and breath close as the "lover sighing like ballad?" Why, I have heard many say that none but a Negro should shave them. How about those cooks that handle all that passes over your delicate palates; and the baker who is said to knead the dough with feet as with hands? How about those nurses who must sleep with the children, go traveling with you, occupy the room with you and the bed with your loved ones? Do you stand all this (and I have not half portrayed it) and yet you can't bear to ride upon the same car, though in a separate seat from your colored fellow citizen? It seems and must appear to every reasonable man to present a peculiar consistency; but "Consistency, thou art a jewel." The advocates of this measure would not hesitate to assert that a drunken white man is preferable, as a fellow passenger, to the most genteel Negro. To those whose objections coincide with Mr. Eustis and others of his type, that the Negro is naturally inferior, and by consequence not entitled to civil liberties in common with other citizens, we refer with pride to history, which shows the black races of Africa to have been the very first to invent farming impliments, even before the establishment of tradition.

We refer you to that most ancient civilization Egypt, whose people were mulattoes, originally by amalgamation between the black and white races. This, their features as carved upon Egypt's monuments, and the hair and features of her exhumed mummies, attest. And Egypt that built the pyramids, learned her mathematics from Ethiopia.

Egypt to her high tribute paid,
And learned her gratest lesson;
'Twas how the pyra id was made,
Cut in such grand proportions.

These facts, we learn from Herodotus, Diodorus and other ancient writers. They were the founders of some of the greatest cities, the ruins of which lie scattered along the Upper Nile. These compare in grandure and antiquity with any in Egypt, herself.

It is true that, though flourishing as were these cities of the blacks with their wealth and sciences, they rose, reigned and fell, relapsing into barbarism and ignorance; but this is also true concerning countries inhabited by the Caucasian race. Europe had relapsed and returned to the most debasing ignorance after the invasion by the barbarians in the Middle Ages. There was an African traveler of great talent, named Ion Aatukel, who lived in the Tenth Century and traveled among the now Europeans, as has Stanley among the Africans. He said of them, even at that late date, "As to the Nazarenes (the Christian nation) I will pass over briefly; for my inborn love for wisdom, justice and good government, prevents me from mentioning and praising anything among these nations." And this was one thousand years after Caesar saw them living in mud huts and war paint, like an Apache Indian of to-day.

The colored people have been contented here to bear some of the ills that are necessary and incident to the poor in all places, rather than flee to others they know not of. They have been wont to feel proud of this, their State, until now; but this last and outrageous measure may prove the straw to break the camel's back.

The tocsin of evacuation has already been sounded among the more eastly disturbed. There are those of the West who will welcome and assist the colored laborer of Arkansas to shake its dust from his feet. They are already leaving in considerable numbers, from the country farms, as from the cities right under the shadow of our State House. Others are preparing to leave and will be ready to go before this law shall go into effect. You may answer, let them go, and it will relieve us of some troublesome majorities; you will not take warning in your compressing course until, like the Mississippi exodus, your fields have become deserted, your cabins left tenantless, and where the cotton and the corn were wont to grow in plenty and abundance, you find the jimson and cuckle-burr growing in rank profusion over the once fertile fields, and about the cabin doors.

"I'll farce he land to hastening ills a prey.
Where wealth accumulates and men decay;
Princes may flourish or may fade;
A breath can make them as a breath has made;
But a bold peasantry, their country's pride,
When once destroyod, can never be supplied."

When north of Mason and Dixon's line, well pleased was I to have my native State considered a Soutewestern State. It is true in fact, that Arkansas is geographically, a Southwestern State, but from the trend of present and proposed legislation, Arkansas seems determined to transport herself bodily into the South and across the Mississippi River, where yoked to the crimsoned soil of Mississippi, she shall be as incapable of advancement as is a fixed star to alter its coure. She will then be as finished a state as Mississippi now is. All the Southern States have not had a "Separate Coach bill." Why, even South Carolina, with her new fledged Gov. Tillman, the refutor of the time honored document of Thomas Jefferson, with the largest Negro majority in the United States, with more reason on that account for complaint against the eye-sore of the South, her colored citizens, only a few week since refused to pass the odious measure, known as the "Separate Coach bill." This, if nothing else, and in spite of the doctrine denying the equality of men, will crowd the colored citizens of South Carolina around the Alliance standard, and in a great measure bridge the gulf which has seemed widening for a quarter of a century.

I believe the title of this as it stands, is "An Act to promise the comfort of passengers on railway trains."

"Tell it in Gath, tell it in Askelon," that the Lodge bill, dubbed the "Force bill," is a misnomer in comparison with this Arkansas iniquity, which is truly a "Force Bill." And proclaim it from the house tops and from the roof and from the flag saff of our Capital that "a bill to promote the comfort of passengers on railway trains," is a bill to further alternate the white and black people; call it, if you please' a bill to promote the comfort and to pander to a dying prejudice of certain white passengers, regardless of the rights of colored passengers.

Designate it as the very head and front of all the offenses heaped upon a despised race, because so long and often wronged. It is said that the oppressor always hates the oppressed.

We ask no special favors, nor do we desire class legislation for our benefit or protection.

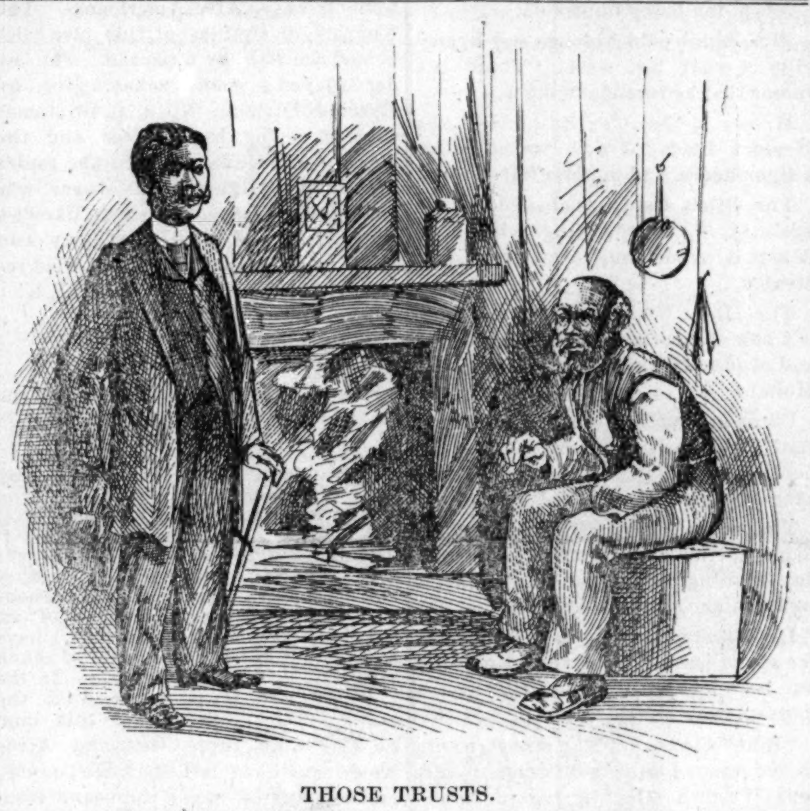
"Remove the cloud, the light of heaven restore,
Give me to see and Ajax asks no more."

Had I the lion's voice, the hydra's head, together with hands for each separate tenacle of the devil fish, I had not hands, nor tongues, nor voice to proclaim and designate aright this crowning usurpation, this studied contumely against him that is food, your raiment, the bone and the sinew of all our boasted resources.

I am not a white man, but I here and now proclaim any man my inferior that ostracises me because of my complexion, or who measures my ability by so shallow a criterion. Let me say to the white men of the South, and particularly of Arkansas:

"Peace, peace, Orestes like I, breathe this prayer.
If thou wilt but have it so, say it—show it.

And thy God shall be our God; thy people shall be our people, and where ere thou goest we will go, and there shall we be buried.



THOSE TRUSTS.

City Man—"What's the matter, my friend?"

Mr. Hayseed—"I'm mad as a hornet 'bout the way the things is goin'—trusts and combines, an' monopolies everywhere. I just had to pay a cent more for a ball of string, and they told me it was 'count of the twine trust "

City man—"Well, it is a shame the way these combines force things up. raising the price of everything—wheat, corn, potatoes, butter, apples——"

Mr. Hayseed—"Eh? Do trusts raise the prices of farm produce? Oh, well, mebby they ain't such bad things arter all." —New York Weekly.

McFarland Chapel, of Evansville, Ind., has just closed one of the most successful revivals ever held in that city. It was conducted by Rev. T. R. Smith, the Tennessee evangelist. Ninety-seven persons professed. The pastor, Rev. W. H. Anderson, and the church are rejoicing over the grand work. About fifty of the converts were members of the Sunday School.

A PRACTICAL JOKE.

Tramp—"You gave me a counterfeit $5 bill a few moment ago "

Practical Joker—"He! he! he! ho! ho! Found it out, eh."

"Yes, sir; and, on my information, an officer is now looking for you. Gim'me $5 in good money and I'll throw 'em off the track. Thanks. Ta, ta!"

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READ the Editor's Talk.

PUT money in thy purse.

SEEK homes in the new territories.

INDIANA Negroes should remember Governor Hovey.

EASTER day was duly observed by the christain world,

THERE is just a speck of a war cloud hanging over the peace of Europe.

NEGROES can be pioneers as well as white men; try it for posterity's sake.

READ in this issue the noble and unanswerable speech of Hon. Lucas on the separate coach bill.

THE rebuke given our leading men in the Press Convention is likely to assume the form of a boycott.

THE massacre reported from India is a revolting affair. Some five hundred natives were killed and a number of British soldiers.

GOV. ALVIN P. HOVEY of Indiana insulted the Negroes and over stepped the law in appointing the Indiana World's Fair commissioners.

HARRISON'S chances for re-nomination, according to the Republican office holders and office seekers, are growing more prettily as uring.

LET'S boom Langston City, Oklahoma; Hon. E. P. McCabe is a Negro and can be relied on. Buy homes there and help build up a model Negro city.

IF Treasurer Houston would only resign there would be an end to this long drawn-out talk. It appears that it takes some people as long to resign an office as it does to get it.

JUST as soon as a position is vacated or a new one created the Negro holds up his hand and says "here me!" Unfortunately the hand is not seen nor the "here me" heard.

ITALY desires closer commercial relations with this country providing we pay for her murdered subjects. We have no right to make indemnity; let her keep her garbage at home.

IF HON. J. M. LANGSTON wants to be judge in the newly created judiciary we say by all means let him have the position; he ought to be as well qualified as many others that have occupied positions as judges.

DAN RUDD of the Catholic Tribune a hustler from way back. He is snugly ensconced in new quarters with ample accommodations and a mammoth outfit. Dan has been "laying low" but will soon show himself.

A NUMBER of letters are crowded out this week because of the extensive showing of the Arkansas legislature. Our correspondents, we are sure, will raise no great cry, especially when we are trying to make the paper so creditable, as it is this issue.

THE Negro Press of the country is teeming with compliments for the successful convention at Cincinnati. The gathering was indeed a glowing example of what Negro brain can do. The fraternizing spirit engendered there will certainly have its influence for good.

MR. HARRISON, it is understood, has declined to re-appoint Mr. Young, of Wilmington, N. C, collector of the port; having appointed him twice without getting his confirmation by the Senate, the President thinks he has gone far enough in the matter. We believe that such action on the part of Mr. Harrison indicates sincerity, and that no fault should be ascribed to him in the premises.

GOV. HOVEY says he opposed Negroes migrating to Indiana because they were spavined, worn out, physical wrecks; he didn't want Indiana used as a pasture for grazing stock or as a bone yard. The Governor was very thoughtful, it appears, in those trying days to the Negro.

THE attempt to oust John Mitchell, jr. of The Richmond Planet out of his control of the paper has signally failed. Mitchell is a hard man to down and from appearances has his cause just. He has made the paper the success that it is and should enjoy the fruits of his labor.

Prof. H. G. Parker of St Louis, Mo., is still hammering away to be recognized as a commissioner on the World's Fair Commission. Hale is a good, jovial fellow and is amply qualified for the position and, to be honest, we should just as soon he should reap the rewards of his labors as any one else. Give Parker a chance.

OKLAHOMA IMMIGRATION.

It may mean some slight suffering and hardships, yet, in the long run, the seeking of homes in Oklahoma will redound in much good to the race. The oppression in the South and the sharp competition, discrimination and barriers in the North are as disastrously bearing on the race as a new country, hard work of clearing and other opposing elements. There is manhood in seeking the air of liberty, though the struggles at first may be trying. To remain under such stifled conditions as we are, is slavish and unmanly; our children must be provided for, the elements of liberty and freedom from a servile condition must be nourished. It is not so much to show the world that we are capable of sustaining our selves as it is to give full play to that divine principle that should have, and has, its response in our bosoms, that spirit which has built nations, strengthened civilization and made man in the fullness of his manhood—the spirit of unrestricted freedom.

SEPARATE COACH BILLS.

THE South is in the throes of diabolism; the idea that ladies and gentleman must, because of the hue of their skin, be separated in public conveyances partakes of the most depraved and the most diseased condition. Servants, if they are Negroes, can ride in any coach; but refined and intelligent people are discriminated against and given no choice. If the vicious spirit was ever exhibited it is in this latest move throughout the South. Is the Negro human, an American citizen or is he an animal with only instinct? He is certainly not a citizen if laws of this separate coach kind are to be taken as a measurement of his citizenship. The weakness of the Federal government becomes painfully apparent when it allows a part of itself to oppress a class of its citizens and yet denies that power to itself as a whole. It is an anomally that states can oppress when the United State of which they are only factors is denied by its organic law, any and all curtailment of privileges. A Negro is under the constitution of the general government an unfettered citizen, under the constitution of his state he is a creature without rights. It is useless to grant powers to the general government if such power is to be subordinated by the states. The Constitution says that citizenship shall not be abridged in the pursuits of life, happiness and liberty; the states retort by class legislation and denial and assumes to classify. A strong federal government has become a necessity; the states are too sovereign; they should have no rights wherein citizenship is concerned. A citizen in Ohio should be a citizen in Texas; he should carry with him an inherent right and any failure therewith to protect that right is proportionate to the weakness of the government which assumes to grant him protection and commands his services.

The Barbers Have Their Day.

Philadelphia, Pa., Special to The Freeman.

At the eleventh grand ball and reception of the Barber's Mutual Aid Association at Horticultural hall, Thursday, March 26, 400 guests were present. The president of the association is S. P. Gulbery; vice president, E. B. Galloway; treasurer, David Woodson. At 12 o'clock 250 joined in the grand march. Prominent white spectators were Messrs Lickben, A. A. Solomon, Frank Wolf, L. L. Loet, Morris Dovler, A. E. Gunwack, Pepper, and S. E. Davenport, of Wilmington, Del, The young ladies were admired very much for their costumes. THE FREEMAM is getting very popular; all our representatives say it is the only paper. It ought to be patronized by every colored person.

Death of a Respected Citizen.

Springfield, Mass., Special to The Freeman.

W. H. Adams, one of our most respected citizens, passed away on Friday morning. He was an active member of the Congregational Church, and has lived in the city for a number of years. Besides a brother Mr. Adams leaves a wife and two daughters.——Jennie Ball, daughter of Marion Ball is quite ill.——The Hayden Club gave a reception at the home of George Thornton April the 3d.——Presiding Elder Geta preached the annual sermon to the Golden Chain Lodge, G. U. O. of O. F., at the A. M. E. Church. The singing was by a quartette.——Mesdames Thorton Johnson, of Eastern avenue, and Austin Taylor, of Ashmun street, are on the sick list. L. F.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GIFT.

THE KANSAS CITY ELECTION—FUNERAL EXERCISES—ENTERPRISES.

Kansas City, Mo., Special to The Freeman.

THE greatest secret society event this year was the memorial services held for mother Dixon, last Sunday at Allen Chapel. Fully 1,500 members of the Knights of Tabor and Daughters of the Tabernacle participated in the ceremonies. The memorial sermon was delivered by Rev. Beal, of Independence, Mo.

Sickness is prevailing to an alarming extent.

Fannie Jennings, of Wyandotte, is making Kansas City her home.

James Hill, Esq., head waiter at the Midland, receives $1,000 per year.

Lena Robinson's many friends will be pleased to hear of her recovery.

Kansas City votes upon the proposition to build new water works April 28th.

F. T. Sublette, Esq, the colored lawyer, is winning an excellent practice.

Robert Simpson, one of our tonsorial artists, is preparing to remove to Omaha, Neb.

Miss Ednorah Nahar, will give a recital at the 10th Baptist Church, April 16th.

THE FREEMAN can be found on sale at the "Stewart" shop, 206 Independence avenue.

The Knights of Reciprocity as far as the colored people are concerned, appears to be a failure.

The quarterly meeting of Ebenezer Chapel was held last Sunday week, Rev. A. A. Gilbert, pastor.

Baptizing was conducted Sunday, the 22d, ult., at Elder Morgan's Church, ten being immersed.

Wm. Blunk paid Chicago and Evansville a visit last week. There is a rumor that he intends to move.

M. B. McGee, ex-Editor of the Western Blade, is now traveling for a cigar house, and reports fair success.

The Bijou Cafe has changed hands again, G. M. Geer having sold out to Albert A. Anderson, formerly of New Mexico.

The Great Western Hand Laundry is a new enterprise recently established and conducted by Messrs. Brosius and McLain.

Cards are out for the Second Grand Ball of the Autumn Leaf Club, to be held at Bales' Hall, 12th and Bales avenue, April 9th.

The recitation of Miss Fannie Williams, at the Ciceronian Society Friday evening, was one of the rarest treats of the season.

Last Sunday evening Rev. Dr. Schaffer spoke upon "What shall we do for our boys and girls," and delivered a most interesting address.

"Blue" Clark, 512 May street, wants to correspond with gentlemen in various Western cities in regard to organizing a colored Base Ball Association.

A Willis, hat man at the Midland Hotel, has the gift of being able to take from 1,000 to 1,500 hats a day and give them back to the right people without the use of checks.

Rev. C. M. Keeton, who has had charge of Asbury Chapel, 19th and Cherry, for the past four years, has been sent to Bowling Green, Mo., and the Rev. J. W. Hughes sent to Asbury Chapel.

The window decorator of the Model Clothing House, the largest in the city, says that THE FREEMAN is not only the best colored paper he ever read, but should be to the colored race what Harper's, Leslie's, the Century and other magazines and weeklies are to the white race; and although a white man, yet he is one of our best patrons.

LE BEAU.

POLITICAL ENTHUSIASM.

Literaries—Women Registering—Personals.

Kansas City, Kan, Special to The Freeman.

The political contest in the municipal election has reached enthusiasm. The chief antagonism is for mayoralty chair. The most prominent in the race are J. C. Stout, supported by the democrats, citizens and alliance; T. F. Hannon, "straight republican. At this writing it is especially interesting to see the interest manifested by the "fair sex" registering for the coming race, the majority of whom say they are "stout" women, and openly proclaiming that they would rather support a "principled" democrat than to cast their votes for a man who forgets our race in appointments after the election. Mr. Hannon was honored by his election to the mayoralty of this city through the colored vote in 1888, and willfully left the "brother in black" out in the weather. The average make-up of the Republican ticket is good, however, and I think the colored voters should stick tenaciously together and elect Dr. G. C. Booth, B. S. Smith and Wm. Gamble, members of Board of Education, Justice of the Peace and Constable, respectively.

Ex-postmaster, T. S. Case, of Kansas City, Mo., read a very interesting paper before the Adelphi Literary, recently, subject, "Reminiscences of Kansas City from 1857 to the present year." Mr. Case is the present city treasurer of Kansas City, Mo.

Mrs. N. W. Guy is ill this week with la grippe.

Mrs. Priscilla Thomas is rapidly recovering from a long siege of lameness.

The Progressive Literary, of the St. John Chapel, J. W. Baldwin, president, is in a flourishing condition.

The Columbian is as yet the leader of the literaries in the "Twin Cities." The last and most interesting paper was that read by Lawyer T. F. Sublette, a member of the Kansas City, Mo., bar, subject, "The black man an American and a citizen." REGULUS.

PYTHIAN CELEBRATION.

A New Church—Business Associations.

New Orleans, La., Special to The Freeman.

The Afro-American Loan and Real Estate Association has been organized with Dr. J. H. Coker as manager. S. S. Francisco is the Louisiana agent for the "Afro-American Press and its Editor." The Union Bethel M. E. Church is erecting an elegant place of worship. The Imperial Club has been organized by some of New Orleans' best young men. The Knights of Golden Rule's club room on N. Rampart street, is one of the best arranged in the city. The Knights Templars celebrated Easter by a parade and sermon. There are a few political hints going the rounds as to the next election (city) for councilmen, and several Afro-Americans are named. Three more colored men have been made letter carriers here. The recent death of A. Clement Williams, son of Prof. A. P. Williams, was a calamity. The Crescent City is represented in Washington, D. C., as clerks, etc., by Messrs. P. Albert, G. C. Mason, A. Adams, A. J. Lopez, L. N. Philipson, J. W. Ames, S. A. Ward and J. F. Barrow. The police force here has some twenty Afro-Americans. The Knights of Pythias of this city celebrated the 26th by a parade. The Order enjoyed a grand concert given by Hercules Division No. 4, at St. James Church. The high water and the Hennesy or Mafia case are the topics here. Miss Tilghman, the singer, was among us a few days since, likewise Blind Tom. Richard McClarty and Miss Emma Goodon were married recently. J. N. K.

BUILDING A CTIY.

NEGROES THAT BRAVE THE HARDSHIPS OF FRONTIER LIFE ARE BENEFITING THE RACE.

The Kansas Legislature—Langston City Growing in Population.

Topeka, Kan., Special to the Freeman.

THE damaging reports sent out from Oklahoma concerning the condition of many of the Negro settlers have been a matter of much consideration. In the two years since the opening of this land no less than three thousand Afro-Americans have left Shawnee county, and as many as seven thousand from the entire state.

The American Citizen throws down the gauntlet to the Advocate, and a big fight may be expected.

The Topeka Capital of last Sunday gives a clear and true account of the condition and the doings of our people in the territory.

It is an evident fact that the Negro, to keep pace with the rapidly advancing civilization, must acquire homes and lands; must become a producer. He must become self-sustaining.

The poor exoduster of 1880 has become a prosperous citizen in 1891, and has left the stamp of his genius upon our state government. The prosperous town of Nicodemus will ever live as a monument of Negro thrift in Kansaa. A similar town has appeared in Oklahoma. Langston City is the work of our highly respected friend, Edwin P. McCabe, ex-Auditor of Kansas. Mr. McCabe deserves great praise from the race for the work he has done.

The Kansas Legislature has at last buried itself beyond human observation. It has become a disagreeable recollection. The active efforts to secure legislation in favor of separating the schools in cities of the second class was checked directly by the wisdom and influeuce of the Afro-American members of the people's party. The deep interest manifested and the manly position taken by North, Anderson and Moore in opposition to any change in the present law, should merit the appreciation of every Negro. The watchfulness and diplomacy of W. A. Price in the Senate was successful in killing every bill that was offered.

It is undeniable that there is some suffering among our people in Oklahoma. But to expect such abject conditions of poverty as are pictured by the wiley speculator and the timid editors of some of our papers who swallow the lies of a prejudiced telegraphic report, is outside the pale of reason. In an extended letter in the Wichita Eagle Rev. B. F. Watson, A. M. E. Missionary to the territory of Oklahoma, places a startling array of facts relative to the condition of our people in that section. He emphatically denies that starvation is prevalent among the Negroes, and does not find a single case of small-pox. The adverse reports are due to jealous and prejudiced whites. FEARLESS.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

A DASTARDLY ATTEMPT MADE TO BURN AN ORPHANS' HOME.

Cincinnati, O., Special The Freeman.

REV. S. L. Clark, (white) of Rone, Tenn., in his sermon at Trinity M. E. Church Sunday, said that in Tennessee there are 60,000 colored women who can not read, as against 65,000 white women in the same condition.

The committee on entertaining the Press Convention desire to return thanks to all who assisted in any way to make the meeting a success. A final meeting of the committee will be held Sunday at the Tribune Office to render a report of monies received and disbursed.

Lena Tavlor has returned to her school at Frankfort.

Jennie Doll, who has been very ill for some time, is recovering.

Charles Schooley has been nursing a pet in the shape of a carbuncle.

The Rifle Club will give a promenade concert April 10th at G A. R. Hall.

Mrs. Doll, of Chillicothe, O., mother of Fred Doll, is the guest of her son.

L. L. Henderson of Avondale, brother of A. H. Henderson, is seriously ill with la grippe.

J. S. Hall, formerly principal of a school at Greensboro, Ky., is spending a few days in the city.

Mrs. Riley Williams, after a very pleasant visit to relatives, returned to her home at Columbus, Ohio.

The concert of the Carmen Double Quartette at the Seventh Street M. E. Church was one of the best ever given in this city.

The friends of Amanda Cocaine, of Marietta, Ga., will be sorry to hear of the death of her husband, which occured at his home last week.

James B. Washington 2nd Lieutenant of Excelsior Division 7, K. of P., has resigned to accept a position on the staff of Brig. General S. T. Sneed.

Cincinnati rejoices in a new charter posted only a few days ago. An election takes place April 5th for mayor, auditor, police judge' corporative council, treasurer and Board of legislation, consisting of one member from each of the thirty wards. It is hoped that no matter who is elected the colored man will be recognized.

A dastardly attempt was made Sunday night to burn the Colored Orphans' Asylum. The Asylum contains thirty-four children ranging from three to five years of age. It is hoped that the incendiary will be captured and dealt with as he deserves to be. Much credit is due Mr. Dunlap, the superintendent, and his wife, the matron, for their heroism in extinguishing the flames and in preventing the little ones in their charge from being injured.

EL RIO REY.

FAILED TO MARRY.

A MARRIAGE DECLARED OFF—A YOUNG LADY GOES TO TEXAS—ORCHESTRA ORGANIZED.

Detroit, Mich., Special to The Freeman.

The topic which has been occupying the minds and attention of many idle gossipers during the week just past, concerning the Duncan and Carter affairs, is rapidly becoming exhausted. The papers and friends of the parties concerned, by much talk and publicity, through idle curiosity, have succeeded in making the affair quite prominent; however, the excited interest which has been stirred up over the affair, is rapidly abating, which is quite befitting that it should. The substance of the whole affair in brief is as follows: Robert Duncan and Miss Mary E. Carter were engaged to be married and the wedding was to have taken place last Wednesday evening, while preparations for the ceremony were in progress, Mr. Duncan received an anonymous letter, threatening his life the moment the connubial knot was tied. Mr. Duncan, after conferring with his intended, decided to defer the marriage indefinitely.

Edward Lee and wife have just returned from a trip through Virginia and the East.

The infant child of George Stevens, of Beubien s reet, was buried Thursday afternoon.

Bishop Thomas F. Davis confirmed a class of twenty at St. Matthew's Church last Friday evening.

Mrs. Joiner, of Antoine street, is confined to her home very much indisposed and enfeebled in health.

The Knights of Pythias are preparing to give a grand promenade at Fraternity Hall Friday eve ing, April 10th.

The Detroit office of The Freeman is Room 22, Walker Block, where all news of general interest will be welcomely received.

Wm. Lambert and son have remodled their office on Jefferson avenue, which presents a neat and attractive appearance.

Moses Chapel, an old resident of this city, died at his home on Division street. The deceased, by his economical habits, had succeeded in accumulating about $8,000

Miss Elnora Owen, who left for Waco, Texas, a few weeks ago to assume the duties as matron of Paul Quinn College, also teacher of grammar and English literature, appeared successfully before the Aid Association of that place last week as an elocutionist.

The Junior Auxillary of St Matthews commenced their Easter festival and bazaar last Monday evening in the Mission House. The Easter sale will continue throughout the week, and in addition a musical and literary program will be carried out every evening for the enjoyment of all who attend. The committee in charge have announced that no raffle chances or begging will be allowed.

Mary B Ward, daughter of Mrs Samuel Ward, died at Grace Hospital last Friday afternoon from the effects of an operation for internal tumor. She was born in Louisville, Ky in 1855, and was thirty-six years of age at her death. The funeral was largely attended by friends; the remains were taken to Toledo, Ohio, for enterment in Forest Cemetery. A mother, sister and two brothers survive the deceased.

By an invitation, a FREEMAN representative was present at the rehearsal of the Detroit City Band a few afternoons ago, and was highly pleased and entertained with the many charming selections discoursed. The band numbering about fifteen members, is entirely composed of young men, many of whom are old musicians, and from the rapid advancement since the few weeks of their organization, they bid fare to cope with any organized band in the State. John Johnson, their efficient leader and instructor, is a professional musician; although quite young, he has made himself famous as a cornetist. Mr. Johnson has also been identified with a number of the best traveling bands in the country.

Scalded to Death.

Washington, O., Special to The Freeman.

Miss Jolly Sanders died very suddenly. Minnie Porter is lying very ill. Elder Taylor spent Sunday at home. The colored band is in good trim. Mrs. Lyda Moore died last week. Samuel Hamilton who was scalded to death on the Ohio River lately was brought to this city.

THE EDITOR'S TALK.

NOTICE TO PRESSMEN.

We would be pleased to enter into correspondence with a first class, experienced colored pressman, one who is able to handle papers the size and make-up of THE FREEMAN. None but strictly first-class men with references as to soberness and reliability, need interest themselves in this notice.

Our energetic agent in Kansas City, Mo., has organized a club; that is the right move and should be imitated by others.

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The only safe way to send money is by post office money order or registered letter. Remember this, in making your remittances.

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Bear in mind that remittances are due on the first; that you should not allow yourself to be dunned; and that the monies, less your commission, should not be used.

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Several of our correspondents fail to write the name of the city or town from which they write; always give the name of your city as we cannot possibly remember where you are.

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No efforts should be spared to make collections from delinquents. Keep after them and by all means possible collect the just amount due this office. They owe us and must be made to pay.

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The liklihood is that sometime within the next twenty days THE FREEMAN will move into larger quarters. Our seven rooms are getting quite to small to fit us and removal must be the result.

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AMPLY SATISFACTRY.

The explanation given by the Editor of THE FREEMAN in reply to the Plaindealer's statement, of his dishonesty and chicanery in the matter of a $5 copy of Simmons "Men of Mark," is amply satisfactory and in full accordance with ordinary business principles.—Texas Reformer.

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Don't forget that your correspondence should reach us early. It frequently happens tnat because of lateness of arrival some letters are crowded out. The press cannot be stopped because yon are behind time; keep this in mind. Your matter should be here at least three days before we go to press.

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We have enemies at work at various places; a good idea would be to head off these individuals by a sound thrashing. Some of them have attempted to defraud us on numerous occasions; having failed in their designs they seek revenge by defamatory talk and other nefarious practices. Keep your eyes on such pests.

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In many sections of the South the schools have closed; young men and woman are looking around for something to do. We know of nothing that would pay more handsomely than handling THE FREEMAN. By taking the agency and thoroughly canvassing in its interests would redound in profiable returns. The work would be quite a diversion from the four or five months close codfinement in the school rooms.

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We tip our hat to one "Rev.?" A. E. P. Albert of New Orleans, La., as the boss liar and hypocrite of the colored press. A so-called religious editor who has no other purpose for his columns than using them as a conduit of filth and falsehoods should be shunned by all honorable members of the profession. A newspaper that is made the vehicle of personal spites ought to be suppressed. A religious journal with no higher aim than abuse of its enemies or laudation of its friends, has outlived its usefulness.

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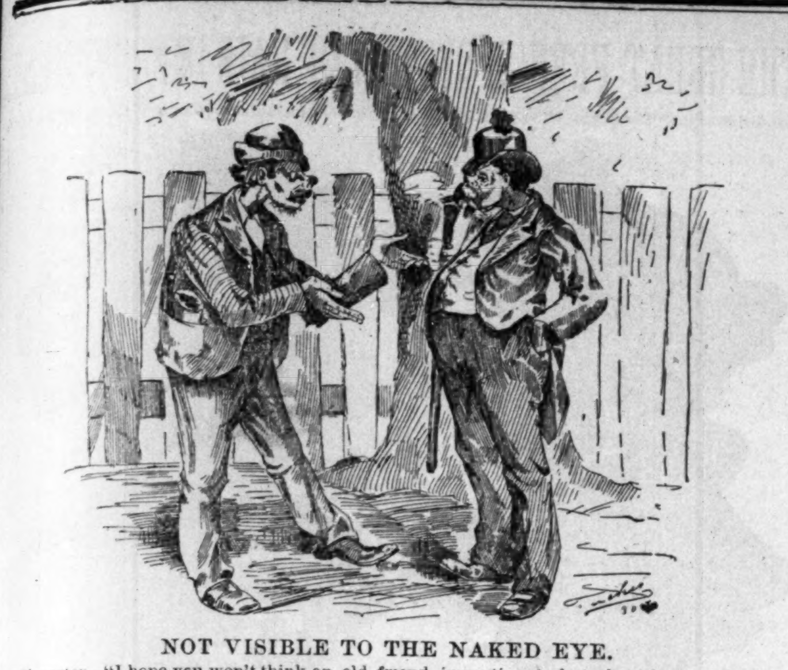
THE LAST ISSUE.

This is the last issue of THE FREEMAN that will be mailed to subscribers, whose subscriptions have expired, and who have been notified several times of this fact. A great many subscribers seem to want to dead-head their way through the world. They get their papers continued by promising to pay and to get other subscribers, but never do either. We have now over one thousand names of this kind on our books, and we must confess that we are unable to carry this load of names any farther; it is too heavy. If you want the paper you must pay for it; this is the last issue that will be sent to this class of subscribers until we hear from them.



NOT VISIBLE TO THE NAKED EYE.

Cloverton—"I hope you won't think an old friend impertinent, but about how much is your income?"
Dashaway—"Well, to tell the truth, old man, I live so far beyond it that it's out of sight."
—Life.

THE COLORED EDITORS.

Close of the Most Important Convention They Ever Held.

A RINGING ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE ADOPTED.

Obituary Resolutions—The Association Renamed—A Social Reunion in the Evening.

THE grandest session ever held by the Afro-American Press Association of the United States has closed. The journalists composing the body are brilliant, and reflect great credit for the advancement of learning and the moulding of public sentiment in favor of their race. To-day there are in this country more than one hundred and sixty Afro-American newspapers and magazines which show thought and careful study of the work of journalism.

The report of the Committee on Plans and Syndicating the news for the Afro-American newspaper editors is as follows:

"TO OUR FELLOW CITIZENS—At the conclusion of the most important and successful meeting of the Afro-American Press Assaciation, from a business and social point of view, we can not refrain from congratulating ourselves in particular and the race in general upon the remarkable advancement made in the character and the tone of our newspapers in the past decade. No one who has watched this development, we feel sure, can withhold admiration for it; we regard it as one of the surest indications that the race is making permanent, if slow, progress in all the elements of our civilization and of approved manhood. The development of the press is an index everywhere of the development of a people. The freedom and the growth of a newspaper go hand in hand. They are one and inseparable. In view of the gratifying fact here stated, we feel that we do not transcend the legitimate aim of the Press Convention in giving attention here to the race at large, the Afro American press, and not the entire country, are so nearly concerned. Much has been said during the last few years about ways and means to transport the race or members of it to foreign countries, especially to Africa.

"We look with disfavor upon any proposition looking to our expatriation, but we regard with favor such immigration from our over-populated districts in the South to the West and South-west, as will relieve such over-population, and thus better the condition of those who remain, as well as those who seek relief by such immigration. We have to regret the failure of the Fifty-first Congress to enact into law a measure of national education; the tenth census showed such a terrible condition of ignorance in one section of the country that it was regarded as a menace to the national well being, and one party at least in its national platform promised to afford such relief as the importance and the exigency of the grievance demanded. Failure to do this, therefore, we regard to be a national calamity, affecting all people alike. We are not unmindful of the argument that such legislation would be extra-constitutional, but we believe this objection could be easily surmounted by an equal distribution of the benefits among all the States according to the ratio of illiteracy. The promise to furnish this National aid to education has been broken. We have to regret that this is so and to visit upon the delinquents the displeasure of this association.

"We have also to notice the failure of the Fifty-first Congress to enact a Federal election law, after promise had been given that such a law would be enacted, after it had been endorsed by President Harrison (to whom emphatic commendation should be given for his earnest interest in this as in the educational measure), and after it had passed the House of Representatives, having been defeated in the Senate by the defection of eight Senators, who made a corrupt and vicious and demoralizing bargain with the minority to defeat this righteous measure in the interest of free coinage of silver, calculated to inflate the currency and to impair the credit of the Republic. A free ballot and a fair count is the chief corner-stone of a Republican government. No honest man in the Republic believes any such ballot has existed anywhere outside of the imagination, impracticable threats or the opponents of universal suffrage.

"Failure to pass an honest election measure intended to secure these reflections' results, solemnly promised to be enacted, is regretted by the Association, and responsibility for the dereliction is here placed where it properly belongs.

"We here denounce as an outrage the jim-crow car, and all discrimination practiced in places of public amusement and accommodation as an outrage contrary to the spirit of our institutions, and to be arraigned upon proper occasion, and to be resisted by all legal and other force effective to rectification of the unjust infamy.

"We denounce the penal system of the South as an outrage and parody upon freemen and free institutions, and, while directing the attention of universal mankind to its enormity, we demand that it be made to conform to the usages of civilized society and the divine law.

"We denounce the ballot laws of Florida, of South Carolina, of Mississippi, of Tennessee, of Virginia, of Arkansas, as intended and devised and executed to defeat the ends of justice, and to perpetuate the undemocratic infamy of minority and of caste rule.

"We insist that the honest sentiment of this country sympathizes with and favors the honest administratian of laws, but that for some reason it seems to us as if the people at large have ceased to consider the seriousness of the problem—the new problem made when Lee surrendered his sword to Grant. We can not account for this apathy of the public opinion of the country. We deplore it, but we feel that we have in our possession a power capable of awakening the moral sense of the people of the country. We feel that the work before us is not unlike that of Benjamin Lundy, William Lloyd Garrison and others of the pioneers who led in the grand work of battering down the walls of the slave system, and we feel, further, that we are equal to the great work before us, but we solicit the honest opinion of mankind in the effort to secure the full measure of justice and fair play guaranteed by the Federal Constitution, but denied by the several States. The principal mission of the Afro-American Press is to maintain the just rights of the race under the constitution, Federal and State.

"We solicit the sympatny and the active assistance of universal mankind in the work before us of securing justice and fair play, and we especially ask the assistance of the Afro-American, upon which we implore the blessings of Almighty God."

Report was received and adopted, also the following resolutions were presented and unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, Almighty God has seen fit to remove from the toils of this world General Wm. T. Sherman, one of the ablest and the noblest patriots of the war of the rebellion, and translated him to the rewards of the just made perfect by their labors; and

"Whereas, A like visitation has been felt in the removal of Admiral David D. Porter, one of the ablest naval commanders of the war; and

"Whereas, These two men illustrated in their lives the noblest patriotism and the broadest love for suffering humanity; therefore

"Resolved That the Afro-American Press Association here express its sincere sorrow at the death of these two noble defenders of freedom and lovers of humanity; and be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of these preambles and resolutions be furnished to the families of our friends, the illustrious dead."

The following independent resolution was adopted:

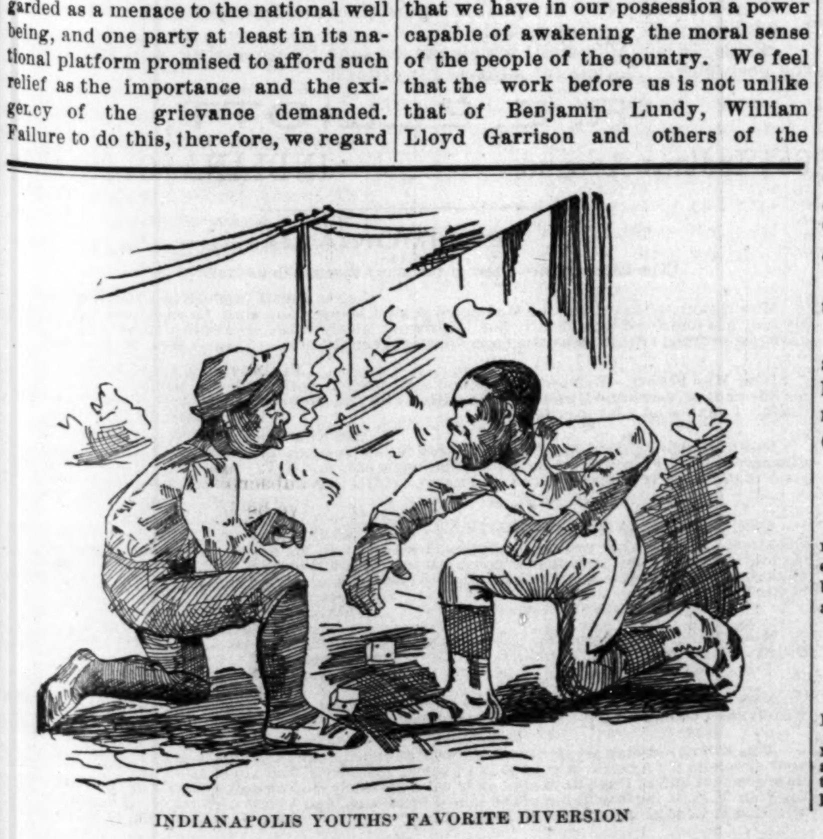
"Resolved, That a committee be appointed from the Convention to present to President Harrison the view that it would be perfectly in accord with his expression, as well as the importance of the Negro as an industrious factor in the development of this country, to give him respected and prominent representation on the Columbian World's Fair Commission in the appointment of some colored man as a member of that body. Be it further Resolved, That as Negroes have held important places in the executive and legislative branches of our National Government, some capable Negro jurist should be placed upon the bench of our Federal judiciary."

Since the last meeting of the Association, the President, Rev. Wm. J. Simmons, D. D., of Louisville, Ky., died. The Association passed suitable resolutions of respect in behalf of the honored dead.

A resolution to change the name of the association from the Colored Press Association to that of Afro-American Press Association was adopted. A letter was received from the Chamber of Commerce, inviting the Association during its stay, to visit their session. The invitation was received and a vote of thanks tendered for their courtesy.

Plans for syndicating the news of the race were adopted.

This the end of the most profitable and largest Convention of its kind ever held by Afro-Americans adjourned, to meet in the City of Brotherly Love (Philadelphia), June, 1892.



INDIANAPOLIS YOUTHS' FAVORITE DIVERSION

Highly Pleased.

Crawfordsville, Ark., March 3rd, 1891.

Editor of The Freeman.—I have just finished reading last week's Freeman; I am highly pleased with your paper, and I must say that it is the best colored journal I ever read. I expect to do all I can for your valuable paper.

Yours truly,

JOHNNIE B. HART.

Admires it.

Greenville, Miss, Feb. 6th, 1891.

Editor Cooper:

I have just finished reading last week's FREEMAN, which I admire very much, and have been a constant reader of it ever since June '89, and think it the greatest journal published. May progress and prosperity attend its pathway.

OSCAR W. WILLIAMS.

VOTERS IN A QUANDARY.

THE PRESIDENT UNDER FIRE AND THE CLUB BROKEN INTO SPLINTERS.

Great Easter Services—Complimentary Banquet.

Chicago Special to the Freeman.

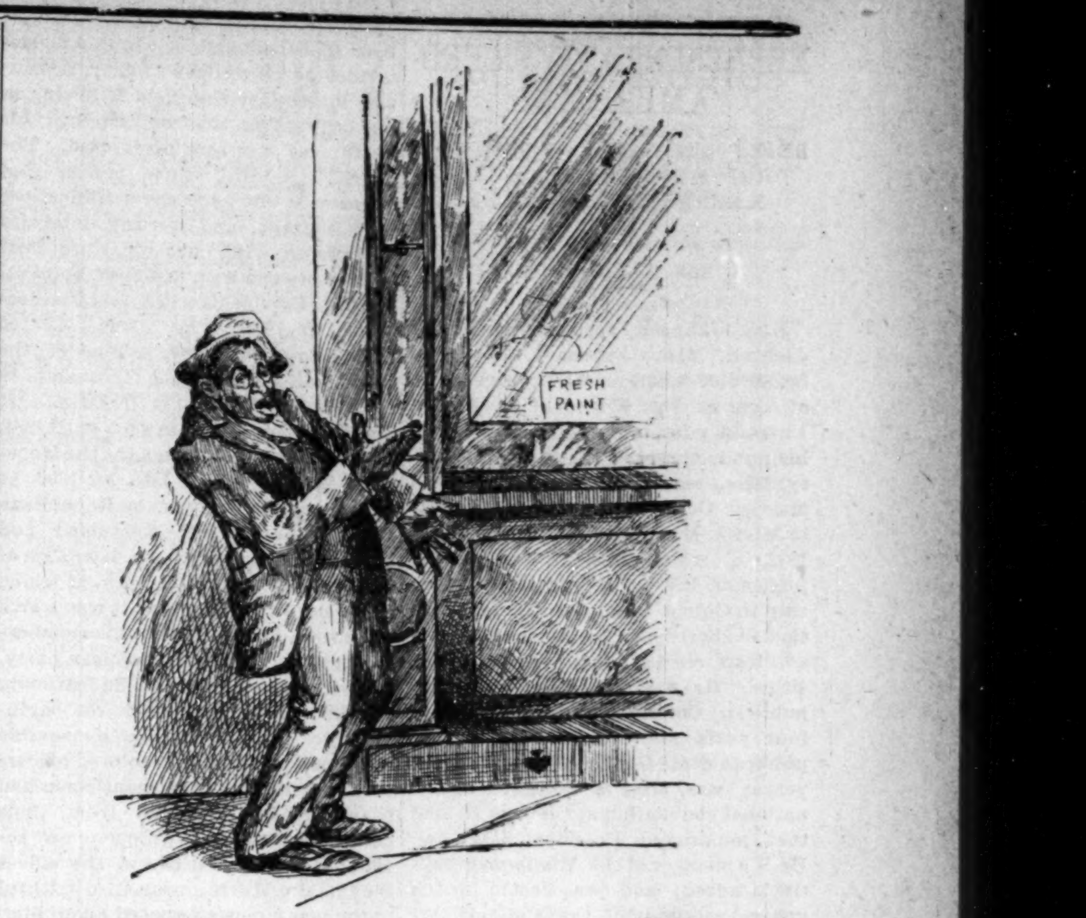
COLORED voters of North Chicago are in a quandary of excitement over the actions of the club's president, who has committed the club to the republican candidates and personally written each a letter with the Custom house heading. No candidate is allowed to compensate a colored man or secure his services without first consulting him and the club; acting otherwise will jeopardize their chances for the colored man's vote for the republican. For that action the colored voters claim, as a rebuke, they will, act contrary to the president's wishes (whose actions they claim are simply a political outrage) and the attack upon G. W. Johnson, the leading orator and politician of the club, who was assailed for serving as a delegate when his name was placed upon the ticket without his knowledge, by the president. This broke the club in splinters. They need money to run the club, but the president says as loyal, true, black republicans, they should not solicit a penny. The members can't see it that way. Rest assured that Miller, Chase, Meyer and those on the ticket will secure a large majority of their votes.

Easter Sunday was a beautiful day of bright sunshine, from all appearances, and many thousands of new costumes, hats and dresses mingled with the luxurious and expensive fragrance of flowers. The many churches and Sunday schools held their usual Easter exercises and greetings. The Sunday evening programme was an elaborate one, consisting of solos, chants, choruses and instrumental music. Knight Templar's special sermon at Washington Chapel attracted 500 more than could enter the church. The parade, headed by the Garden City band, presented a beautiful spectacle. Next Sunday morning a special sermon will be preached at Quinn's Chapel to the Mt. Hope Temple, Mysterious Ten and the Juvenile Temple. In the evening Dr. Jenifer will read the address by the Episcopal Bishops' Convention at Jacksonville, Fla., which will meet in Chicago. Quarterly meeting Sunday at the North Chicago A. M. E. Z., 104 Wells street. J. M. Washington will preach and L. N. Slaughter will assist.

The famous pugilist, Godfrey, is in the city. A banquet in his honor is talked of. Have you used Dr. Rubbin's wonderful cure? See special 'ad' in March 14th issue. M. M. Martin has fitted up a very elegant barber shop at 267 North Clark street, and sells THE FREEMAN. F. Harsh's sample rooms present an attractive appearance after renovating. There were over 900 deaths in Chicago last week. The prevailing sickness of the past few weeks exceeds any in the history of its existence. St. Steven's church is holding a very successful revival, assisted by Rev. Geo. W. Gaines. Mr. A. J. Thomas has resigned his position as shipping clerk with the W. W. Rubber company, and is the proprietor of a fine horse and express company. C. H. Hamilton claims the action of the Bonaker club stopped his chances as aldermanic candidate, twenty-fourth ward; is it true? Past Grand Master Alex Glover, formerly of St. Louis, was buried this week. St. Paul's Sewing school, composed of white and colored pupils, closed Saturday, after a very successful term. There are two departments, first grade, needle and handy-work; second grade, dressmaking, &c. They closed with literary exercises and collation. The Bethesda, Presbyterian and Armour Mission Sunday schools held extra exercises last Sunday to the elation of many parents who were present.

A MATTER OF SURPRISE TO HER.

Miss Cross T. Street—"You play a great deal, do you not, Miss Nellie?"
Guest—"Yes. It entertains my guests, you know."
Miss Cross T. Street (incredulously)—"Oh!"



"I am always getting stuck," said he.
"Nevertheless I have a very good impression," answered the paint.
—Ex.

Miss Camille Root recited "Thy Will Be Done."

Among the many brilliant and successful entertainments the St. Monica's and lecture by Father Tolton, "What is Woman?" and the elaborate musical recital by Quinn's Chapel at Lincoln hall were the attractions. Much credit is due each.

The sixth annual literary entertainment by the West Chicago, Garden City, L. & S. club was given at Washington hall the 27th. The existence of this literary club has outlived all others in Chicago, and much good has been accomplished, both in the literary and social world. Its present officers are T. J. Napier, president; S. S. Cabell, vice-president; J. H. Neal, treasurer; Miss F. Hunt, secretary; Miss A Thompson, assistant secretary; R. M. Watkins, manager. Among some of the members, Mesdames A. Moody, J. R. Butler, Misses F. Hall, elocutionist; Misses A. Buel, Rosa Smith, at present teacher in Musical Conservatory College, Southland, Ark., pianist; Misses A. Thompson, M. Coats, J. Smith, Mrs. Broxon, vocalist; Misses F. Hunt, M. Barquett, writers and essayist and Rev. L. H. Reynolds. Meets every Thursday evening, at which time a very creditable program is always executed.

In the State Legislature Hon. E. H. Morris has succeeded in having a very important bill passed, legalizing the marriage of ex-slaves and the claims of their children in Illinois.

Dr. W. M. Jefferson graduated with high honors last Tuesday; the first colored graduate of the State Street Dental College. They were the first to wear the Oxford caps, which was worn on that occasion; the doctor will practice in Chicago.

Dr. S. W. Crosthwait graduated from the Chicago Homeopathic College Tuesday.

Billy French and Miss Susie Gaskin, formerly of Marion, Ind., were married Thursday evening; residence 110 N. Oakley avenue.

Miss Bertha Sullivan celebrated her 16th birthday Thursday.

P. Harrison, who has been a dependent invalid for months, was forced, by his sisters illness, to be turned over to the county authorities. This shows the need of a home for the aged and needy.

A reception was tendered Dr Crosthwaight at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. T. Rolls, among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Coffee, Misses Watkins, A. Thompson, M. Coats, M. Barquett, A. C. Garnett, C. Nelson, Dr. Barr and others.

Master Orrie Hall, of Elgin, Ill., who will represent The Freeman there, spent Sunday and Monday in the city, the guest of The Freeman agent and Miss B. A. Grant, who has been ill two weeks past. Mr. Hall is well educated and posted, a very young business man and proprietor of the leading barbe shop in Elgin, where The Freeman is for sale.

UNCLE NED.

A 12-YEAR-OLD FARMER.

Personals—Protracted Meeting.

Washington, Ga., Special to The Freeman.

Mrs. Aggie Towns is sick at her home on Whitehall. Mr. Welborn Ramsey got his face gashed with a mallet at the Compass on Tuesday. Miss Lizzie Simpson has returned from the country. Rev. A. W. Wilson, pastor of Central Baptist church, is carrying on a protracted meeting. The A. M. E. church carried out an Easter programme Mr. G. L. Pope, of Chicago, told THE FREEMAN agent that THE FREEMAN was the best colored paper published in the United States, or anywhere else. Mrs. Silvia Bowier is one of THE FREEMAN's new friends, and is a wealthy farmer of this place. C. B. Butler is now prepared to do all kinds of hauling and draying. Master A. R Simpson is an extra farmer for his age. He says he is only 12 years of age and made five bales of cotton last year himself and aims to make ten this year. Dr. Jno. Leo, a native of Florida and of Macon by adoption, is in the city, and is a friend to the widows and orphans. Chas. A. Wingfield has on hand a fine lot of walking canes.

A FLOURISHIG CITY.

Business—Personals—Schools.

Marlin, Texas, Special to The Freeman.

E. B. Buttler has recently erected a neat two-story brick building at a cost of $2,000.——Dr. C. D. Trice, of Clifton Forge, Va., is the only colored physician in the city. He is a graduate of the medical college at Washington, D. C.——A. J. Butler has a neat lot of groceries and confectioneries.——Marlin has three colored churches, the A. M. E., the Missionary Baptist and the M. E. They are blessed with energetic workers and good Sabbath schools.——J. H. Childs, one of our promising young men, has returned from Hearne Academy.——Marlin is a flourishing city containing about twenty-five hundred inhabitants, and among the number may be found several colored citizens who are making strides for wealth and eminence.——R. J. Williams is the pioneer teacher and principal of the city public school.——B. Moorhead is the leading Afro-American shoe maker in the city.——The colored citizens have organized an Emancipation Club.——The colored teachers have a well organized Institute.

F. B. C.

Congratulates The Freeman.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March, 1891.

E. E. Cooper:—I congratulate The Freeman on the reputation it has gained as a Negro paper I feel very much interested in the paper.

MAMIE E. GUESS.

NO LONGER PROTECTED.

He—"You don't seem to skate so often this winter as you used to, Miss Turner."
he—"No. The fact is, since bu nt out I have been rather afraid of going on the ice."
—Ex.

REPRESENTATIVE AFRO-AMERICANS.

BRIEF SKETCHES OF THE COLORED MEMBERS OF THE ARKANSAS LEGISLATURE.

HON. H. A. JOHNSON.

Chicot County.

Hon. Johnson, born in the city of Jachson, Miss., February, 1856. His father died when he was twelve years of age; he was a student of Alcorn University for four years. He began his public career in Washington county, Miss., as a school teacher, and was married December, 1874, in Arkansas to Miss J. M. Evans. He farmed until 1882, at which time he was elected justice of the peace for Oden Township in Chicot county, Arkansas; was elected sheriff of Chicot county, 1884, and ware elected in '87, without opposition. He was chairman of the Republican County Central Committee four years and a member of the Republican State Central Committee six years; was, also, a delegate to the national convention at Chicago in 1888 that nominated President Harrison. He is a member of the Missionary Baptist Church, and was elected to the general assembly of the State of Arkansas in 1891, which seat he now holds. His present occupation is that of a planter, in which he is successful.

HON. JOHN H. CARR.

Phillips County.

Hon. John H. Carr was born November 14th, 1849, near Helena, Ark., where he has resided every since. He is now, as he has ever been, a farmer, is married, has no children living. He attended school in Helena where he acquired his education. During the reconstruction period, 1868, he entered the State militia at the age of nineteen. Such was his valor and courage that, after a few weeks services on the field he was promoted to orderly sergeant, which position he held until he was mustered out of the services. He has at all times been a republican in politics. In 1873 he was elected school trustee, which position he holds. In 1888 he was elected one of the Representatives to the session of 1889, and re-elected in 1890, and is one of the representatives in the present General Assembly.

He is a Baptist in religion, a member of the Masonic order and W. M. of his lodge. He is ever ready with his time and talents to promote the interest of the race.

REV. G. W. LOWE.

Monroe County.

The subject of this sketch was born in Hardeman county, Tenn., in 1847 Was a servant up to the age of fifteen years; became a soldier in 1863 as chief musician; discharged in 1866, came home to Hardeman county and lived as a farmer two years; in 1869 was a teacher. He made Miss Winnie A. Williams his wife in 1870. They moved to Marshall county, Miss., January, 1872, and in 1875 was elected Justice of the Peace, and again in 1877. Moved to Monroe county, Ark., in 1881. In 1883 he was elected to the office of Justice of the Peace but declined to serve. In 1888 he was elected as Representative of Monroe county to the General Assembly, and in 1890 was re-elected, which office he yet holds. Mr. Lowe professed faith in Christ in 1871, and having been called to the work of the ministry, in 1877 entered upon that work. He was made pastor of the St. James Baptist Church, at Lamberton, Ark., in 1883, and resigned in 1887. Was elected to the pastorate of St. Luke Church in 1888 and in the same year was chosen President of the Colored State Agricultural Wheel, and in 1890 was his own successor. He is at present pastor of the St. Luke church, president of the C. S. A. W., and member of the General Assembly of Arkansas. The hand of death has lately laid hold of his loving wife.

HON. J. N. DONOHOO.

Phillips County.

Hon. J. N. Donohoo, of Marvell, Phillips county, Ark., a member of the present General Assembly, was elected on the compromise ticket. He enjoys the distinction of being the most experienced colored legislator in the State. He was elected the first time in 1876, when he was only 20 years of age. His present term gives him ten years in the Arkansas Legislature. Mr. Donohoo was born in Bradley county, Tenn, in 1854. He attended school at Knoxville, Tenn. He came to Arkansas in the year 1872, and has resided in Phillips county ever since. He is a married man and has an interesting family. A farmer by occupation, he owns and controlls a farm of one hundred and sixty acres of land, and owns several houses and lots in the town of Marvell, where he lives. He keeps a grocery store and stands well in trade circles. He is a conscientious member of the Friend's Church and has done much for the elevation of his race.

HON. G. W. WATSON.

Crittenden County.

Hon. G. W. Watson was born near Holly Springs, Mississippi, in 1861 in which city his parents gave him a common school education. In 1879 he emigrated to Crittenden County, Arkansas, locating at Hopefield following as an occnpation that of farming; his usefulness was soon discovered. The sheriff needing some person that possessed the requisite qualification, true courage, and sterling integrity to execute writs and other processes accurately and with dispatch, appointed him Deputy Sheriff. At the election in 1882 he was elected by a large majority, as one of the magistrates for Jasper Township, in said county, with his residence at Hopefield and served as such until 1884. From 1884 to 1886, he taught the Hopefield school. From 1888 to 1890 he served as secretary of the Republican County Committee, conducted and principally managed the campaign of 1888 in Crittenden County, at which time, and in which place, it was worth one's soul, almost, to own his membership publicly to the republican party. Notwithstanding all this he fearlessly did his whole duty from the beginning to the end in that memorable struggle. when all the colored officers of his county and other gentlemen had been ruthlessly driven from their home, families, and property on account of their politics and the offices they held. Having proved so faithful to the many trusts i posed upon him, the people of Crittenden County at the election in 1890 paid him the high compliment by nominating and electing him as their representative in the General Assembly of the State of Arkansas.

HON. S. L. WOOLFOLK.

Jefferson County.

Hon. S. L. Woolfolk was born Nov. 10th, 1858, in Houston County, Ky. In 1869 he attended the public school; in the year of 1870 he entered the Lewis High School, of Macon, Ga., where he remained until the year 1874. At that time he emigrated with his parents to Crittenden County, Arkansas. Here his native ability soon asserted itself. At the tender age of eighteen he entered with much vigor and strength into the politics of his county. He succeeded against considerable opposition in electing a county ticket that proved to be of great benefit to his people. In 1878, becoming dissatisfied, he moved to Wabbaseko, Jefferson County, Arkansas, where he has since resided. He taught in the public school of that county in 1878. In 1879 he married Miss Viola Smith, which union has been both happy and beautiful, having been blessed with six children. He embraced Christianity in 1881, and in 1884 was placed in charge of the missionary field of the Missionary Baptist Church. In the fall of 1888 he was elected, almost without opposition, to the Arkansas Legislature, from Jefferson County, and in 1890 succeeded himself in that body. Mr. Woolfolk has been school director for his district since the year of 1885.

H.N. S. W. DAWSON.

Jefferson County.

Hon. S, W. Dawson was born in 1857 in Baker county, Ga. He went to Macon, Bibb county, Ga., in 1859; after living there for two years, his parents moved to Wilcox county, Ga. In 1866, he moved back to Macon and attended the private schools one year and then the public schools until he was able to attend Lewis High School. He landed at New Gascony, Jefferson county, Ark., on the 13th day of February, 1873. In 1874, he moved to Fairfield, Jefferson county, Ark. He has followed farming until he now controls his own business on a small plantation of about 150 acres in cultivation. He has also been teacher in his town and also of Noble Lake since the year of 1884. In 1879 he was married to Miss Rebecca Battle. In the year of 1880 he was elected a delegate to the County Convention, and re-elected in 1882. He was then elected as secretary of the convention, and was also made secretary of the Republican County Central Committee of Jefferson county, Ark. In 1888 he was elected a member of the Arkansas Legislature, which office he filled with great credit. He introduced a great many bills, and one became a law on the 6th day of March, 1889. Mr. Dawson is the only Negro member that had a law placed upon the Statues of Arkansas since the year 1679. In August, 1890, the Republican Convention assembled in Pine Bluff, and it was there again, without any effort on his part, that he was nominated and was afterward elected by an overwhelming majority to represent his county in the General Assembly of Arkansas, which position he now occupies.

HON. R. C. WEDDINGTON.

Desha County.

Rodney, Miss., has the honor of having given to us one of the intellectual star which shines in the firmament of the Negro world, in the Hon. R. C. Weddington, who is a member of the House of Representatives of the 27th Legislature of the state of Arkansas. Three years in the public schools enabled him to enter Alcorn University, at which place he was an earnest student for eight years, preparing himself for a life of usefulness. For four years he was principal of the public schools at Red Lick, Miss , and was elected to serve the fifth year, but this he declined to do. He came to Arkansas in 1887, and settled in Arkansas City. He was soon called to the principal's chair in the Arkansas City graded school. In nature, he is retiring and very modest, strictly temperperate in his habits, quiet in his demeanor and earnest in his purposes. His election as Representative is the result of his first effort in public. He has considered the school room the place for his most effective work, but hearing the call for a representative, he left the school room and mounted the "stump." His thrilling speeches, teeming with sound reasoning, portraying the relation of people and government, together with his popularity with the masses as teacher, enabled him to secure the nomination over several competitors, white and colored, whose brows are wrinkled with age and expierence. Being elected by votes cast by white and colored, Democrats and Republicans, he is a representative of the people.

HON. J. GRAY LUCAS.

Mr. Lucas was born in Marshall, Tex., March 11th, 1864. Entering the city public school of Pine Bluff, he graduated from the grammar course, and then entered the Branch Normal College, where he remained up to within a few months of his graduation. He remained in the merchandizing bnsiness two years, when he graduated wtih the Degree of A. B. He entered, in October, 1884, the Boston University Law School, of Boston, Mass. After three years he graduated with high honors, winning the Degree of L. L. B. He was the only Negro in a class of fifty-two, and was one of the seven that received "honorable mention."

Immediately on returning to his home he made application to be admitted to the bar of the state. Submitting to a rigid examination, he passed what the board of examiners say was one of the very best examinations ever passed by a young man at the bar in that county—not missing a question.

In the course of his three years practice, he has handled several very important cases. The case of Jordan Forshee, sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty-one years, is one of the notable and important cases in point of view. The able and brilliant manner in which he handled this case did more, perhaps to win the high reputation of merit, as a lawyer that he enjoys than any other case.

Soon after being admitted to the bar, Judge M. Elliott, then prosecuting attorney, appointed Mr. Lucas assistant prosecuting attorney. S. M. Taylor, the present prosecuting attorney, on succeeding Judge Elliott to that position, also appointed him to the same position.

On the death of United States Commissioner D. Aschenburg, Mr. Lucas was appointed by Judge H. C. Caldwell U. S. Commissioner. Mr. Lucas is a member of the Republican State and County Central Committees. Also, is a member of the Republican District Central Committee of the Second Congressional district, and of the 11th Judicial Central Committee.

Appearing before the late Republican county convention that met on the 8th day of August last, he was put in nomination by Judge John A. Williams.

He entered with vigor the canvass in this county for the ticket put out by the convention, which was opposed by a ticket headed by one of the strongest candidates for office that it was possible to have nominated against the regular Republican ticket in the county. The many able and logical appeals of Mr. Lucas to the voters of the county had much to do with the success of the regular ticket.

Mr. Lucas makes no pretentions to poetry, but at the urgent request of friends, during the year 1886 he was induced to make the contest for the gold medal offered by the Arkansas Colored Fair Association of Arkansas for the best poem upon the subject, "The First Colored Fair."

Mr. Lucas' poem, in small book form, had a very large circulation throughout the state, and was received with the highest encomiums by the leading press. The Arkansas Gazette said of it, that it was "such poetry as gods and men would allow," all parties hailing Mr. Lucas as the "discovered poet."

In personal appearance and deportment, Mr. Lucas is all that he is in point of character. Weighing about one hundred and seventy-five pounds, well built, tall and erect, broad shouldered, with a large and well-shaped head, he presents a commanding appearance.

D. L. DOWD'S HEALTH EXERCISER.

For brain-workers and sedentary people: Gentlemen, ladies youths, athlete or Invalid. A complete gymnasium. Takes up six inches square floor-room; new, scientific, durable, comprehensive, cheap. Indorsed by 30,000 physicians, lawyers, clergymen, editors and others now using it. Send for illustrated circular, 40 engravings, no charge. Prof. D. L. Dowd, Scientific, Physical and Vocal Culture, 9 East 14th street, New York.

Female Complaints.

DR. WESLEY ROBBINS

OFFICE HOURS:

to 10 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m; 7 to 9 p. m. Chronic diseases treated with electricity. Special attention to Female's Complaints.

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t eam ⁂ Grinding ⁂ Establishment

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OVER 32 JOURNAL BUILDING,

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All kinds of Grinding and Polishing done to order. Special attention given to the Concave Grinding of Razors for Barbers, Sole agent for Theo. A. Koch's Barber supply house.

Orders promptly attended to and all work warranted. Depot for fine hones and best Concave Razors.

COLUMBUS, SHAWNEE & HOCKING VALLEY RY.

—POPULAR LINE BETWEEN—

Columbus, Zanesville, Corning, Shawnee, McGonnelsville and Marietta.

F. J. PICARD, Gen'l. Manager. W. W. DANIEL, Gen'l Pass. Ag't

General offices, Clinton Block, Columbus, O.

OBJECT AND PLAN

Of the World's Columbian Association.

NAME.

"WORLD'S COLUMBIAN ASSOCIATION."

OBJEC.

No separate exhibit; no color line; but to awaken a united interest among the colored people of the country, in the World's Columbian Exposition," and to induce them to present such exhibits as they may be able to produce so that the world may behold creditable evidence of the handiwork of the colored race. and to ascertain the work performed in whole or in part by the use of their labor, male and female.

PLAN.

her e shall be one Executive Head, with headquarters at Chicago.

A

In every city and town, there shall be established branch associations, to be numbered consecutively in the order of their organization. Such branch associations to elect their own officers, the president of which shall be a vice-president to the general association.

B

It shall be the duty of each branch association to acquaint itself with the condition of the colored people in the country where it is located, and to induce them to send exhibits to the "World's Columbian Exposition."

C

Where it is ascertained by any branch association that any colored person has any article that would reflect credit upon the race if exhibited, and such person is unable to present the same, such branch association shall assist the possessor of such artcle in preparing it for the "World's Columbian Exposition," and shall acquaint the Executive Head of its action in this regard.

D

As soon as there shall have been organized in any state more than five (5) branch associations, there shall be called (if they deem it expedient) a general meeting of those interested in the World's Columbian Exposition," and such general meeting shall take such steps as it may desire in order to promote the interests of the colored people in the "World's Columbian Exposition."

E

The President of the "World's Columbian Association" is empowered to call a general meeting or convention to assemble at Chicago, whenever she deems it expedient.

F

Every bishop, ministe', Teacher, such as heads of colleges nd head officers of various lodges and societies, and the various colored jou nals, shall be provided with a plan of this association for publication on application.

G

h e association asks the co-operation of every man and woman in this country, in awakening an interest among our people

H

hus showing to the world and the Hon. Geo. R. Davis, Director-General, who is so kindly disposed to give every man his rights, regardless of color. that the "World's Columbian Exposition," which is to be opened in the city of Chicago May 1st, 1893, and closing October 29th, 1893.

Copies of all rules and regulations adopted by the Illinois association shall be freely furnished to any branch association by addressing the Presi ent or the ffice of our official organ, THE FREEMAN, 31 and 33 North Penn. street Indianapolis, Ind.

OFFICERS:—Lettie A. Trent, President; Parthenia S. Roberts, Vice-President; Mary Gibson, Treasurer; Frankie B. Lewis, Secretary.

ANAGERS:—Lettie A. Trent, Ex-officio. Dr. J. . Jenifer, Parthenia S. Roberts, Ex-officio, Wm. H. Curd, Mary Gibson, Ex-officio, E. H. orris

COMMITTEE ON INFORMATION:—Mrs. R. Elam, rs. L Merrideth, Mrs. J. Boyle.

☛Headquarters, 3243 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ils.

Takes The Right Stand.

The Freeman is always welcome because it takes the right stand on this all absorbing Negro Problem.—Fisk (University) Herald.

One Thousand Agents Wanted!

$5 TO $10 A DAY.

We are now procuring live, enterprising Agents in every city, town and hamlet in the United States to engage in the most money-making scheme now before the American people. Active, energetic Agents are now reaping a harvest of from $5 TO $10 A DAY. Only those need apply.

The territory is being rapidly taken, therefore apply at once. Complete Outfit and full particulars for $1.00. Satisfaction guaranteed or your money refunded. Don't fail to give P. O. address and express office in legible hand that we may ship goods without mistake. Address

Dr. B. Andrew Franklin & Co.,

426 N. MAIN STREET, - - - WICHITA, KANSAS.

THE GREAT FRENCH SYSTEM OF HAIR IMPROVEMENT.

The Bible says: "The beauty of women is her hair;" not her form, face, color or clothes, but her hair.

AFTER USING. BEFORE USING.

Soft, Straight and Glossy.

CHEVELINE,

The only true and original preparation that has ever been placed on the market for straightening the hair.

As I do not care to place the above preparation in the hands of individuals indiscriminately, I therefore wish to solicit the application, especially of hair-dressers and others for purchasing exclusive rights to cities, counties or states, who will devote their particular attention to selling, using or teaching the method of applying CHEVELINE. Prices range according to the size and population of the territory desired. In writing please state plainly the territory you desire. The applications for purchase will be received and granted, and EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS SOLD ONLY by

R. E. ELLIOTT,

(Successor to R. E. Elliott & Co.,)

65½ Indiana Avenue, - - Indianapolis, Ind.

☛Very liberal terms offered to agents selling R. E. Elliott's unexcelled Toilet Articles. Write for terms.

PRICES OF TOILET ARTICLES.

Nutritive Pomade, 75 cts.; Medicated Scalp Cleanser and Hair Grower, $1.10; Antiseptic Toilet Cream, 75 cts.

Remit by postal note, registered letter, or money order.

Send stamp for Elliott's "Hints for the Culture of the Hair."

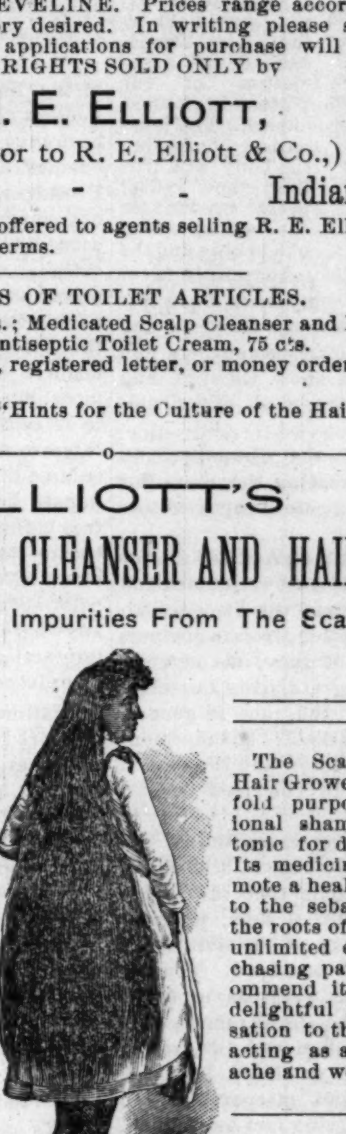
ELLIOTT'S

MEDICATED SCALP CLEANSER AND HAIR GROWER

Removes All Impurities From The Scalp.

In placing the above preparation on the market, I wish to recommend its virtue and curative properties for the scalp as being just what is needed, as a perfect tonic for the general complaint of a dry scalp and stinted growth of hair. This preparation removes all impurities from the scalp, leaves the hair in a soft and pliant condition, thereby inciting a healthful and vigorous growth.

Price $1.10 per bottle.



The Scalp Cleanser and Hair Grower answers a twofold purpose, as an occasional shampoo and a daily tonic for dressing the hair. Its medicinal qualities promote a healthy flow of blood to the sebaceous glands at the roots of the hair. From unlimited evidence of purchasing patrons, I can recommend it as producing a delightful and cooling sensation to the head, thereby acting as a relief to headache and weary brain.

INCITES A VIGOROUS GROWTH.

R. E. ELLIOTT'S

ANTI-SEPTIC * TOILET * CREAM.

Nothing but the most unbounded confidence in the merits of my preparation could induce us to launch on the market, already overburdened, a new preparation for the face. But knowing that I have found an honest preparation for beautifying the complexion, I do not hesitate to bring it to the notice of the public. I guarantee that if used according to directions, it will prove the purest and most elegant preparation for chapped hands, face and lips. It removes sunburns, freckles, pimples, and heals effectually all irritations of the skin, leaving the hands and complexion astonishingly smooth. It proves a most wonderful lotion to ladies whose hands have become hard and swollen from work by reducing the swelling and removing the redness or harshness. Price 75c. a bottle.

NUTRITIVE POMADE.

My NUTRITIVE POMADE, which I use independently or in connection with my French System of Hair Improvement, I wish to recommend to the ladies throughout the country as an indispensable article for the toilet and general family use, a preparation for softening, rendering glossy and pliant, and thereby promoting a healthy growth of hair.

Parents will find it invaluable where they are troubled with tedious labor in combing their children's hair.

Price, 75 cents by mail, which can be sent by procuring a postal note at the postoffice. Permanent address for orders,

R. E. ELLIOTT,

65½ Indiana Avenue, INDIANAPOLIS, IND

TESTIMONIALS.

[The following are a few of the many that reach me daily]

Burlingame, Kan., March 19, '91.

Miss Elliott:—I have used the Medicated Scalp Cleanser and Hair Grower and the Pomade. My hair has improved wonderfully and is growing nicely now. I would not be without it. I have just ordered two more bottles from your agent in this city. Yours, Mrs. M. H. Johns.

Ft. Duchesne, Utah, Jan. 22, '91.

Dear Miss Elliott:—Enclosed please find order for one bottle of the N. pomade. I have used it for one year or more and I would not be without it. Mr. Johnson finds it very nice for his mustache. I shall send a large order soon. Respt. Mrs. M. C. Johnson.

1905 New York Ave., Washington, D. C.

Miss Elliott:—I should like for you to send me as soon as possible one bottle of your scalp Cleanser and Hair Grower. I have used one bottle of it and have found that it did me so much good that I think it has no equal to do what you claim that it will do. Enclosed find $1.10

Yours Truly, Amelia Blackburn.

1026 Pine Street, SanFrancisco, Cal.

R. E. Elliott, Dear Miss:—I received your Medicated Hair Grower and Scalp Clenser over a week ago. I can not tell you how delighted I was with it. It has made such an improvement in my hair already; I am more than encouraged to give it a thorough trial. Enclosed find ($2.00) two dollars, for which please send me immediately one bottle of Scalp Cleanser and one bottle of Anti-Septic Toilet Cream.

Yours respectfully,

MISS MARY L. JACKSON.

Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 2nd, '91.

Miss Elliott:—Please send me one dozen bottles of Pomade at once, (C. O D.) Every one is delighted with your Toilet Articles here. Your Agent,

MRS. E. C. RIDGLEY, 213 Missouri street.

Winchester, Conn., Jan 22nd, '91

Miss R. E Elliott:—The Pomade was received several weeks ago. I am very much pleased with it and I can already see a change in my hair. MARY L. BREWSTER.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Feb. 5th, 1891.

Miss Elliott:—Being greatly troubled with chapped hands and lips, I was induced by one of your agents to try a bottle of your Toilet Cream. After the first application there was a marked improvement and in three days my hands were perfectly smooth and soft. I don't hesitate in saying your T. C. is the best thing of the kind I have used, and I have used many. I heartily recommendthe T. C. to all troubled with rough skin. MRS. J. D. HUNTER, 1014 Sculd St.

THE COMING SEASON.

Mrs. De Style—"I think it is about time you made some preparations for the coming summer, I shall need a new wardrobe and I understand that hotel rates at the fashionable resorts will be higher than usual."

Mr. De Style (holder of a position of trust)—"All right, my dear. About how much shall I steal this time?" —Good News,

The Ladies Have Organized.

Kane, Pa., Special to THE FREEMAN.

Harvey Bose is confined to his bed with Rheumatism.——Miss Elvira Woodson died March 16th at Smith Port; her remains were brought to Kane; funeral from First Baptist Church of which she was a member.——The ladies have organized an Aid Society. Mrs. H. Young is president. H. B.

AN ACCIDENT ENDS IN DEATH.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Special to The Freeman.

Miss Belle Ratcliff and Fred. Weston are improving.——Mrs. Matilda Casey an aged lady, had her leg mangled and after a few days suffering departed this life.——Miss Cassie Daily is preparing for a concert.——The Hopkinsville minstrels give good performances.——P. Postell, J. R. Hawkins and A. C. Brent are the leading grocerymen; they have a full supply of groceries and a free delivery to all parts of the city. E. D. T.

INTERESTING MEETINGS.

Toledo, Ohio, Special to The Freeman.

The concert given by the Willing Workers at the Baptist church on the 20th was a financial success.—Rev. M. A. Dyer preached a very able sermon last Sunday morning.——The churches are in a flourishing condition.——The literary societies are having interesting meetings.——Mrs. C. Paynes will hold a grand reception on the 26th.—Rev. O. P. Ross is expected home this week,——Rev. Dyer's father and daughter arrived in the city Saturday from the South where Miss Dyer has been teaching school.

Doing a Noble Work.

Athens, Ala., Special to THE FREEMAN.

Miss M. F. Wells the principal of Trinity school is doing a grand and noble work.——Bush McLin a well known citizen died last Sunday.——Miss Emma Malone has gone on a visit to Birmingham and from their she expects to go to Atlanta, Ga.——Miss Horton a bright member of Trinity School has been teaching school all winter.

Song Service.—Newspaper.

Terre Haute, Special to THE FREEMAN

A song service was held at the A. M. E. Church Sunday night. Essays were read by C. F. Stokes and Miss Adora Knight.——The Afro-American Journal commenced its publication in this city March, 14th,

QUIXOTE

Officers Installed.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Special to The Freeman.

We have a great many lodges and a good new brick church; it has been said that this was no place for the colored people but it is a mistake.—Monday March the 9th the D. G. H. A. N. Smoot of Indianapolis installed the officers of St. Paul chapter No 9 Royal Arch Mason under the jurisdiction of Kentucky.—Rev. R. S. Brown of Niles, Michigan made the welcome address.

THROWN OUT OF EMPLOYMENT.

PERSONALS—FIRE—SICKNESS.

Gallipolis, Ohio, Special to The Freeman.

Rev. A. M. Lewis spent Saturday in Mt. Pleasant, W. Va.——C. M. Flood of Rendville was in our city recently.—F. Ford spent Saturday in Mt. Pleasant W. Va.——The mite supper at the John Gee chapel was a success.—The box supper held by the G. U. O. of U. B. on Thursday was a success.—Jessie Wright our colored policeman is out again.——One of the largest fires we have had for some time was the burning of the Fuller, Hutsinpillar Furniture factory on Fifth street, which employed about 200 men, of which one half are colored.—Miss Henrietta Haynes is convalescing.—Wm. Gee of the L. H. S. while playing ball fell and injured himself badly.—Miss Roma Viney will leave for Columbus soon.—Mrs. Helton of Spruce street is insane.—The G. U. O. of G. F. met at their hall on last Friday evening to take the third degree; in the midst was the R. W. Nat. Grand Chaplain Thomas H. Shorts of Hampton, Va. He is also the degree master for third district having under his care ten thousand Gallilean Fishermen.—Mrs. Emily Bell left Monday for Columbus, Ohio, to spend a few weeks with her daughter Mrs. Wells. F. F. C.

To Reorganize For The Season.

Findlay, Ohio, Special to The Freeman.

Mrs. Polly Hopewell died at the residence of her son Wm., 200 E. Front street Saturday morning of heart disease. She leaves two children; the funeral services were conducted by Rev. Newsom Cooper of Circleville, Ohio, assisted by Rev. J. H. Mason of this city; the remains were taken to Martinsburg, W. Va., for burial and were accompanied by Wm. Hopewell family and sister, Mrs. Belle Matthews of New York.——Miss E. Evans is the guest of Mrs. A. C. Johnson.——Miss Emma Dyer of Fostoria, was the guest of Mrs. A. Cooper, Sunday.——F. D. Adams of Fostoria visited his parents Tuesday.—The music clup recently organized is nicely progressing under the direction of Prof. Smith.—Mrs. A. French and Mrs. Virgie Winbush will return in a few days from a business trip in the hair dressing profession.—The "Quicksteps" our favorite baseball club will reorganize. L. H. J.

AN EYE WITNESS.

THE KILLING OF THE UNCONDEMMED ITALIANS.

New Orlerns, La., Special to The Freeman.

I judge that you have read of the southern chivalry mob violence displayed by the leading class of the superior race on the 14th; I was an eye witness to their transactions, and I have never seen nor read of such a crime indefensable in law, logic or morals; its origin and its consequences can be but evil.

The trial of these Dagos were in accordance with the rules and principles of law established by the people. In all this the Dago had no voice. He won the wager of life, in the contest where the rules and conditions were made by his antagonists, and the judges and referees were selected by his challangers. He was still held in the custody of the people through their constituted authoriteis, and his personal safety was guaranteed by the honor and loyalty of every citizen of Louisiana. His person had that sacredness that no man might touch him unlawfully without affronting the majesty of the people. This mob set aside the verdict of the people, and in the name of the people, under the claim of defending the people massacres in cold blood uncondemmed prisoners. It is the duty of the sheriff and his deputies, aided by the police to defend these prisoners, even at the cost of their lives, as a soldier defends his country against the hostilities of the savage. Instead, of this nine policemen leave the jail by order of the mob in the patrol wagon at a very fast gait, the sheriff goes up town, the deputies turn the prisoners loose in the yard of the prison, where the mob get a fair shot at their victims.

The colored people of this city have very nice churches, with a very intelligent ministry, but a majority of the congregation does not come to church until the minister is very near through his sermon, thus annoying the speaker and those who desire to hear the sermon.

C. B. T.

THEY ALL HAD THE SAME CHANCE

The Indianapolis Freeman is one of the best, brightest and newsiest papers published in the country and deserves the support of the public. Mr. Cooper, its editor deserves the praise of the entire colored press instead of censure from a single one. We all had the advantage of The Ereeman in this broad field, and because it has outstripped us, there should not be any envy and prejudice against this matchless National Journal. We wish it God speed.—The State Capital.

Better than Any Other Agency

THE FREEMAN, the only illustrated Afro-American journal we know of in the world, is a paper that should be in every Afro-American home. It is doing a work that never has been done, and which is calculated to make the Negro think more of himself and others know him to better advantage than any other agency employed by or for the race.—A. M. E. Z. Quarterly.

A Grand Enterprise.

Henderson, Ky., March 2nd, 1891.

Editor The Freeman.—I have taken pride in reading your paper the past eight or ten months, and I must congratulate you on this grand enterprise; one of the grandest among our race. I am deeply interested in colored journals. But of all the papers, both the news and political, I think yours the best. May success crown your effort for good. Yours.

MRS. M. A. ELLIOTT.

THE FAVORITE TICKET.

No reference to your poltiical choice, but the Clover Leaf 1000 mile interchangeable ticket, good one year at $20.00. March 9th twenty-eight railroads representing total of 6623 miles traversing states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Mich., N. Y., Penn., reaching the large cities (besides over a thousand other points) such as Chicago, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, honor T. St. L. & K. C. R. R. mileage ticket.

Call on nearest Clover Leaf agent, or send $20,00 in current funds with name to.

C. C. Jenkins.
Gen'l Pass Agent.
Toledo, O.

DAMON AND PYTHIAS

At Odd Fellow's Hall, Monday Night, March 30th—A Recherche Affair Outlined.

The coming Knights of Pythias' musical literary and promenade entertainment to transpire at Odd Fellow's Hall on the night of the 30th of this month will be waited for with earnest solicitation. All signs point to a very interesting and enjoyable evening. No expenses will be spared or detail omitted to present to the citizens of Indianapolis and the sojourner within her gates, an entertainment of mirth, music, melody and instruction that they will not soon forget. The following menu of enjoyment has been prepared:

Overture, - - - Orchestra
Duett, - Mrs. Laura Stewart and Charles Lewis.
Oration, - - Ben T. Thornton
Bass solo, - - Earnest Osborne
Extracts from Damon and Pythias, W. A. Sweeney.
Overture, - - - Orchestra
Soprano solo, - Mrs. Ella Thompson
Bass solo, - - - G. L. Jones
Solo, - - - Charles Lewis
Orchestra.

A. E. Manning, G. L. Jones, Thos. Leggett are the active members of the committee. Don't confound the dates, but remember this entertainment takes place on the evening of the 30th, and the annual sermon will be preached to the order on the afternoon of the 29th by Rev. George Sissle at Ninth Presbyterian Church.

LADIES —OF— AMERICA,

I have what seven out of every ten American women want,

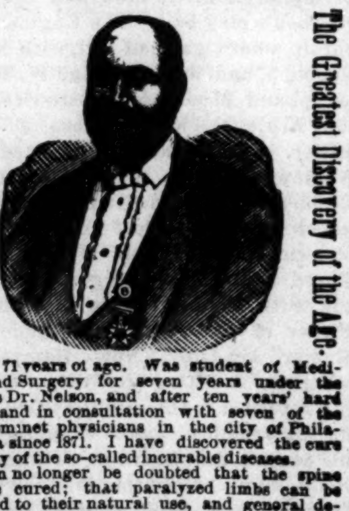
A Mexican Female Regulating Pill.

Send three 2c stamps for sample box and circular of explanations.

DR. E. S. NAVAUN,
247 Randolph Street,
Detroit, Mich.

Prof. Alexander Boudron's

Miraculous Remedy. The Greatest Discovery of the Age.



I am 71 years of age. Was student of Medicine and Surgery for seven years under the famous Dr. Nelson, and after ten years' hard study and in consultation with seven of the most eminet physicians in the city of Philadelphia since 1871. I have discovered the cure to many of the so-called incurable diseases.

It can no longer be doubted that the spine can be cured; that paralyzed limbs can be restored to their natural use, and general debility cured. Congestion of the brain, apoplexy, results of sunstroke, and the worst cases of rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, liver complaint, Bright's disease of the kidneys, hip and bone disease, catarrh, bronchitis chronic dysentary, and so-called heart disease diphtheria, all entirely cured with pure medicine of my own preparation, if used properly as directed.

During nine years over 16000 persons in this city alone have used these medicines and are living witnesses of their worth. All their names can be obtained by calling at the office and laboratory of Professor Boudrou, No. 1737 North Tenth street, Philadelphia. I was myself injured in the spine and paralyzed for seven years and pronounced incurable by seven of the most able physicians and surgeons of this city. I am now well and healthy, having cured myself with my own medicines.

Do not listen to those prejudiced against improvement in medicine and die, when you can be cured.

I will not go into practice myself, being over 71 years of age, but will sell my medicines. I have two eminent physicians connected with me to attend to calling at the residences of the sick if required.

Come one, come all sufferers and be restored to health, cured by these pure medicines and thus see, expierence and believe for yourselves.

Office and Laboratory open daily from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. Call or write to ALEXANDER BOUDROU, 1737 N. 10th St., Phil., Pa.

WANTED

A Live Newsboy.

This is a copy of our paper. We want a boy in every town of 100 population, or over, to sell THE FREEMAN on the streets every Saturday. If you get us a boy to sell the paper we will instruct him to give you a copy FREE EVERY SATURDAY. The paper is sold for 5 cents a copy by the boy, and he remits us three cents a copy for each paper he sells, and we take back all the papers he don't sell; therefore, the boy takes no risk and makes 2 cents on each paper he sells. We are selling in over 500 towns and printing 20,000 copies per week.

We are independent in politics and non-sectarian in religion. We give all the news relating to the race and our illustrations alone are worth more than the subscription price and you will see that any boy can sell it. A boy that wants to earn money, we find, sells the most papers and will stick to it until he gets up a good trade. We prefer a boy who will "hustle" and yell.

A boy can make from 50 cents to $5.00 every Saturday, and can do this without interfering with his school or other work.

The packages of papers are always mailed (no matter where the town is) so as to reach our agents late Friday evening, or early Saturday morning. Parents, now is the time to teach your boys how to work and earn their own money.

Instructions to Agents.

Send 3 cents for each paper sold, in two cent stamps for any amount under $1. Over $1, send Postal Note, Money Order, or Express Order.

THE boys that stick to selling THE FREEMAN are selling more papers every week.

SOME BOYS get discouraged, because they have poor luck one week, and quit. They are sorry for it after some other boy gets the agency and gets up a good paying job every Saturday in the year.

REPORT SATURDAY OR MONDAY. Be sure to report and remit Saturday if you sell out; Monday morning anyhow. Don't put it off. We must hear from you so we shall know how many to print for you the coming Saturday.

UNSOLD PAPERS: Keep clean until called for—each week by itself. Address,

THE FREEMAN,
Indianapolis, Ind.

If You Want

This Great Illustrated Paper, Free every Saturday, get us a boy to sell it in your town, and the boy will give you a copy free from his package each week. Over 500 boys are making from 50c. to $5 every Saturday selling THE FREEMAN.

We take back all unsold papers. The boys remit 3c. a copy every Saturday or Monday for each paper sold.

Cut This Out, Fill Up and Mail Us.

......................189

I agree to act from this date as the agent for THE FREEMAN, and agree to try to sell THE FREEMAN on the streets, in private houses, to farmers and others, at 5 cents a copy; and that I will report every Saturday or Monday on blanks to be furnished, and to remit to THE FREEMAN, 3 cents for each copy I sell or deliver to subscribers and keep all undelivered copies until called for.

Name........................

Address........................

State........................

How many papers first time........

By whom appointed........................

Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis. BIG 4

HOW TO BUY A RAILWAY TICKET.

Find the route to your destination, with the least number of changes; the quickest time consistent with safety; the route in the best equipment and roadbed; that has the reputation of caring for the safety and comfort of its passengers. Of all things you should shun in buying a ticket, are the cheap-rate routes—the roads that will sell you a ticket for a little less money if you will say nothing about it. You may save fifty cents or a dollar, but you will lose much more in discomforts, in risks of life, in broken connections, loss of time, and everything that make a railroad trip unpleasant. Don't buy of the wiley scalper. Nine times out of ten he will give you inconvenience and trouble before you arrive at your journey's end. Where shall I buy? you ask. Go to the nearest BIG 4 ticket office of course.

TIME CARD.

Depart	
10 Southwestern Express, dy'.	3 30 am
22 Fort Wayne & Muncie Ac.	7 06 am
2 Mail and Express	11 15 am
18 Southwestern Limited, cafe's,	3 25 pm
8 Night Express, daily	6 40 pm
Arrive.	
9 Night Express, daily	7 00 am
17 Southweastern Limited, cafe's	11 10 am
25 Indianapolis Express	2 50 pm
3 Boston. Indpls, & St Louis Ex.	5 00 pm
7 Southwestern Express, daily's.	11 20 pm

ST. LUIS DIVISI

Depart.	
9 Day Express. daily	7 30 am
17 Southwestern Limited, daily, cafe and sleepers	11 20 am
3 Mattoon Express	5 20 pm
7 Southwestern Express, daily's.	11 30 pm
Arrive.	
10 Southwestern Express, daily's	3 20 am
2 Indianapolis Express	10 35 am
18 Southwestern Limited, daily, cafe and sleepers	3 00 pm
8 Day Express, daily	6 20 pm

CHICAG & CINCINNATI D [illegible]-AST

Depart.	
10 Cincinnati F L day's & c c	3 35 am
4 Cincinnati Accom. daily	7 05 am
2 Cincinnati Accom.	11 15 am
18 Cincinnati Mail, p'dy	3 10 pm
80 Cin., Accom. Sunday, only,	5 00 pm
8 Cincinnati Accommodation	6 45 pm
Arrive	
1 Indianapolis & Rushville Acc.	10 35 am
17 Chicago & St. Louis Mail, p'dy	11 10 am
81 Indianapolis Acc. Sunday, only	12 25 pm
3 Har'n, Cols & Indianapolis Acc	4 55 pm
7 Cin & Indianapolis Acc. dy.	11 15 pm
5 Chicago F L, dy's & c c	12 20 am

W ST.

Depart.	
9 Sheldon & Peoria Acc	0 am
17 Chicago Fast Mail p dy	11 :0 am
8 Lafayette Accom	5 15 pm
5 Chicago F L dy s & r c	12 30 am
Arrive.	
10 Cin F L, dy c c & s	3 20 am
2 Lafayette Accom	10 55 am
18 Cincinnati Fast Mail p dy	3 00 pm
8 Sheldon Accommodation	6 15 pm

P [illegible]

Depart WEST.	
9 Express & Mail	7 45 am
17 Express daily	11 45 am
3 Danville Accommodation	5 05 pm
7 Night Express, daily, s	11 25 pm
Arrive.	
10 Night Express, daily, s	3 25 am
2 Danville Accommodation	10 30 am
18 Express and Mail	2 55 pm
8 Day Express, daily	6 35 pm
Depart. EAST.	
10 Columbus Express, dy's	3 35 am
9 Night Express, dy	6 19 pm
Arrive	
17 Night Express, dy	11 00 am
7 Columbus Express, dy's.	11 15 pm

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON R.R.

The Pullman Car Line between Indianapolis and Cincinnati. The Favorite and only line with through dining car to Chicago & Cincinnati St. Louis and Cincinnati.

Best line to Cincinnati, Dayton, Lima, Toledo Detroit and Canada.

Through cars between Decatur, Springfield. Quincy, Keokuk and Cincinnati.

Pullman Sleepers on night and Palace Parlor Cars on Day trains.

Direct connection with transfer in Cincinnati for points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama. Florida and the south; Washington, Philadelphia, New York and the east.

Ask for tickets and see that they read "Via C. H. & D." On sale everywhere.

H. J. RHEIN, General Agent. C. H. ADAM, City Ticket Ag't.
Indianapolis.
M. D. Woodford, Pres. & Gen'l Manager. E. O. McCormick, G. P. & T. Ag't.

THE VANDALIA LINE

Invites attention to a FEW FACTS.

FIRST—It is the shortest and quickest line betwen Indianapolis and St. Louis, and runs four fast express trains each way in addition to local accommodation trains.

SECOND—Pullman Vestibuled Sleeping Cars are carried on all through trains.

THIRD—The employes are uniformly polite and attentive.

FOURTH—All complaints of whatever character receive prompt and careful attention.

FIFTH—The mechanical excellence of the road-bed being constantly maintained, and the construction of the train equipments being of the latest and most substantial character, the highest speed can be made with perfect comfort and safety.

SIXTH—The new and beautiful dining cars with their dainty china, rich silverware, spotless linen and bounteous bill of fare are a delight to travelers.

SEVENTH—Trains are run with remarkable regularity.

EIGHTH—For the above and other good reasons the United States Government has chosen the Vandalia Line for its Fast Mail Route between the East and West.

NINTH—Test the above statements by giving the line a trial.

For thorough rates, time of trains, sleeping car reservations, or information, call upon or address, W. F. BRUNNER, District Passenger Agent. Indianapolis, Ind.

LAKE ERIE & WESTERN RAILROAD. NATURAL GAS ROUTE.

Local Time Table.

IN EFFECT FEB. 1, 1890.

SOLID TRAINS BETWEEN SANDUSKY & PEORIA —AND— Indianapolis and Michigan City,

Direct connections to and from all points in the U. S. and Canada. Trains arrive and depart from the Indianapolis Union Station as follows:

DEPART.	
No. 10 passenger,	7:15 a. m.
*No. 12 passenger,	1:20 a. m.
No. 14 passenger,	7:00 p. m.
†No. 16 express,	11:10 p. m.
ARRIVE.	
*No. 9 passenger,	10:30 a. m.
No. 11 passenger,	2:50 p. m.
No. 13 passenger,	6:20 p. m.
†No. 17 express,	3:25 a. m.

Trains not marked run daily except Sunday, daily, †daily except Saturday.

No. 12, via Tipton, arrives at Bloomington at 9:32 p. m., making direct connection with C. & A. fast train arriving Kansas City 8:55 next morning, connecting direct at Kansas City for Denver, San Francisco and all points west. Free reclining chair cars between Tipton and Missouri river for all passengers. Nos. 9, 10, 12 and 13 connect at Tipton with main line trains for Sandusky, Peoria and all points east and west. Trains Nos. 16 and 17 have elegant free reclining chair cars to all passengers, making direct connection at Peru with the Wabash fast trains for Ft. Wayne, Toledo, Detroit and Chicago.

Ft. Wayne, Cincinnati & Louisville R.R.

Buckeye Route.

THE COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY AND TOLEDO R'Y CO.

The through car line between Columbus, Toledo, Athens and Pomeroy. The direct line to and from DETROIT, JACKSON, LANSING, and Michigan points. Chicago, St. Paul and the Great Northwest. Note the following time card:

GOING SOUTH.	No.33	No.37	No.31	No.35	No.49
			A. M.	P. M.	
Chicago Lv.			*7 30	*7 22	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		
Detroit		†8 05	*1 27		
Toledo	*6 30	10 35	5 40		
Fostoria	7 55	11 38	6 55		
Carey	8 25	12 06	7 27		
Up. Sandusky	§8 57	§12 40	§7 50	A. M.	
Marion	9 30	1 14	8 43	5 40	
Prospect	9 50	1 30	9 04	5 56	
Delaware	10 12	1 52	9 30	6 21	
Columbus Ar.	11 00	2 40	10 25	§7 15	P. M.
Columbus Lv.		2 50		7 55	*6 00
Lancaster		4 10		9 15	7 08
Logan		5 00		10 00	7 50
Nelsonville		5 36		10 27	8 22
Athens		6 10		11 00	9 00
McArthur		6 00		10 52	
Gallipolis		7 27		12 28	
Middleport		8 00		1 02	
Pomeroy Ar.		8 10		1 12	
		P. M.		P. M.	

GOING NORTH.	No. 33	No. 37	No.31	No.35	No.49
	A. M.	P. M.			
Pomeroy Lv.	†4 40	†2 45			
Middleport	4 50	2 52			
Gallipolis	5 26	3 23			
McArthur	6 50	4 57			
Athens	6 50	5 00			A. M.
Nelsonville	7 22	5 36			4 10
Logan	8 00	6 10			5 04
Lancaster	8 38	6 48			6 30
Columbus Ar.	9 50	8 00	A. M.	P. M.	8 30
Columbus Lv.	†10 05	*9 40	*5 00	*3 45	
Delaware	10 50	10 30	5 53	4 35	
Marion	11 30	11 10	6 30	5 21	
Up. Sandusky	§12 10		§7 20	§6 10	
Carey	12 45		7 36	6 30	
Fostoria	1 15		8 05	7 04	
Toledo Ar.	2 25		9 25	8 20	
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M	P. M.	
Detroit Ar.	6 20		12 25	10 50	
Chicago Ar.	8 50	8 25			

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. §Meals.

Rates via the Buckeye Route are always as low as by any other line. Through tickets sold and baggage checked to destination.

If contemplating a journey in any direction, please call on nearest agent of the company or address any of the following representatives of the passenger department for folders, rates and other information:

E. R. Davidson, Northern Passenger Agent, Detroit.

A. A. Wilson, Southern Passenger Agent, Gallipolis, O.

L. W. Buckmaster, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, 314 N. High Street, Columbus.

Chas. H. Rockwell, General Superintendent, Columbus.

W. H. Fisher, General passenger and Ticket Agent, Room 31, Deshler Block, Columbus.

Important change of Time on the

MONON ROUTE

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RY. CO.

LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS.

No. 38.—Monon accommodation, daily except Sunday 5:15 p. m

No. 32—Chicago Limited with Pullman Vestibuled coaches, parlor and dining-car daily. 11:25 a m
Arrive in Chicago 5:10 p. m.

No 34—Chicago Night Express, with Pullman Vestibuled coaches and sleepers, daily 12:40 a. m.
Arrive in Chicago 7:35 a. m.

LEAVE CHICAGO.

No. 31—Indianapolis & Cincinnati Limited Parlor and dining car, daily 9:30 a. m.
Arrive in Indianapolis 3:20 p m

No. 33—Indianapolis & Cincinnati Vestibuled Night Express, daily 8:35 p m
Arrive in Indianapolis 3:45 a m

No. 48—Local freight, leaves Alabama St. yards 7:05 a m

No. 39.—Monon accommodation arrive 10.40 am

Pullman Vestibuled Sleeper for Chicago stands at the west end of Union station and can be taken at 8:30 p m daily. The only line running Pullman Perfected Safety Vestibule Trains between Indianapolis and Chicago, heated by steam and illuminated with electric light.

Ticket offices, No. 26 S. Illinois street, Mass. Avenue and Union Station.

JAMES BARKER, G. P. A., Chicago.
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KANAWHA SHORT LINE

Is the short and most direct line between

Canadian & Michigan Points,
CHICAGO, DETROIT, TOLEDO
—AND—
FOSTORIA, BUCYRUS, McGILEAD, COLUMBUS, ATHENS,
MIDLEPORT, POINT PLEASANT, CHARLESTON W. Va.
—AND—
VIRGINIA AND SOUTHEASTERN POINTS.

Rates low as the lowest. Equipments and services good. Before deciding upon a route confer with Agent of this line or address

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BIG 4 ROUTE. PEORIA DIVISION. FORMERLY O. I. & W. ROUTE.

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WAGNER SLEEPERS AND RECLINING CHAIR CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS.

Best Modern Day Coaches on all Trains.

Connecting with SOLID VESTIBULE TRAINS at BLOOMINGTON and PEORIA to and from MISSOURI RIVER, DENVER and the PACIFIC COAST at INDIANAPOLIS, CINCINNATTI, SPRINGFIELD and COLUMBUS to and from the Eastern and Seaboard Cities. WM. BRONSON, Ass't.G. P. A.

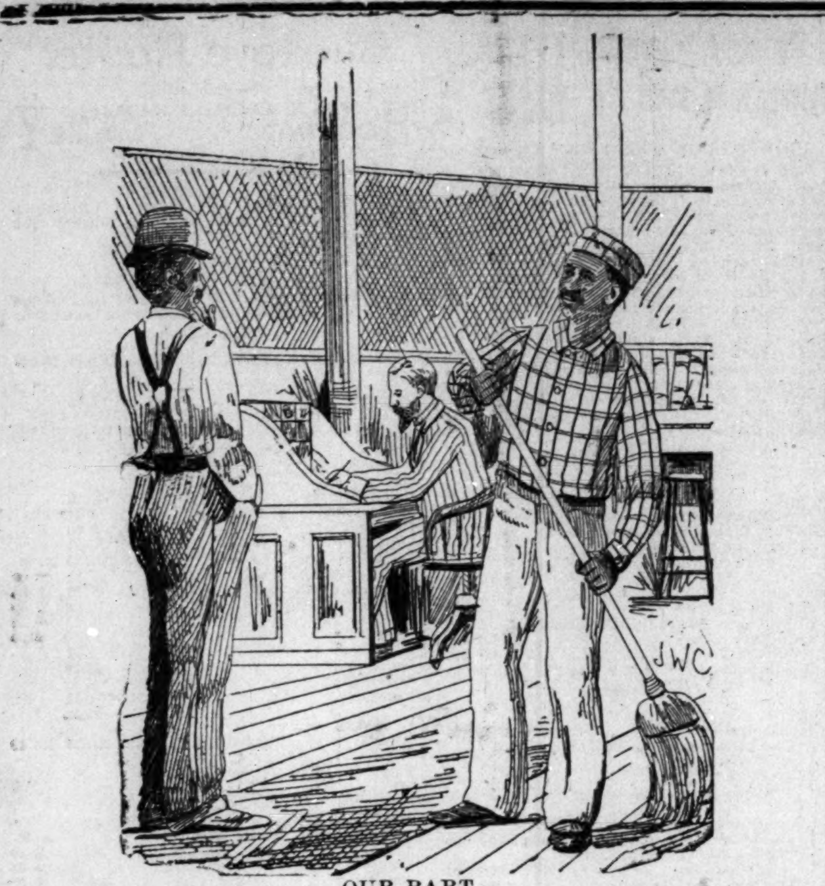
"MUNCIE ROUTE."

The popular short line between Indianapolis, Bluffton, Hartford, Fort Wayne and all points in Michigan; also between Fort Wayne, Muncie, New Castle, Connersville, Rushville, Cincinnati, Louisville, and all points south.

* DAILY.	NORTH.	† EX-SUNDAY.
Indianapolis, Big 4.	lv. †7.00 am.	*3.15 pm.
Muncie, Ft. W C & L.	lv. *9.05 am.	†lv. 7 25 pm.
Hartford,	lv. 9 44 am.	lv. 8 06.
Montpelier,	lv. 10 04 am.	lv. 8 26 pm.
Bluffton,	lv. 10 36 am.	lv. 8 58 pm.
Fort Wayne,	ar. 11 35 am.	ar. 9 55 pm.
	SOUTH.	
Fort Wayne	lv. 7 50 am.	lv. 4 00 pm.
Bluffton,	lv. 8 50 am.	lv. 4 50 pm.
Montpelier,	lv. 9 24 am.	lv. 5 31 pm.
Hartford,	lv. 9 44 am.	lv. 5 51 pm.
Muncie,	lv. 10 30 am.	lv. 6 35 pm.
Indianapolis, Big 4,	ar. 5 00 p m.	ar. 10 30 pm.
New Castle,	lv 11 15 am.	lv. 7 20 pm.
Connersville,	ar. 12.10 pm.	ar. 8 20 pm.
Cincinnati, C H & D,	ar. 2 55 pm.	ar. 10 50.
Rushville,	ar. 12 25 pm.	ar. 8 20 pm.
Louisville,	ar. 7 30 pm.	

For time-tables or any other general information call on any agent of Lake Erie & Western or Ft. W., C. & L. R's., or address

H C PARKER, Traffic Manager, C F DALY, Gen'l Pass Ag't
Indianapolis, Ind.



OUR PART.

All indications thus far justifies the above illustration of the Negro's part in the World's Fair.

INDIANAPOLIS DEPARTMENT

SOME PEOPLE.

Mrs. Joshua Cravens is still very sick.

Miss Julia Mountjoy retured to the city last Monday.

Thomas Fossett, of Muncie, was in the city this week.

P. E. Bundy held quarterly meeting in Danville last Sunday.

Mrs. R. P. Brown departed for Cincinnati today for a short visit.

Miss Rebecca E. Elliot is in Louisville and other cities on business.

Maurice White is no longer attached to the local staff of the "World."

Henry Goins, of Anderson, was visiting old Indianapolis friends a few day last week.

"Doc" Fason who has been quite sick, has recovered sufficiently to be at his post of duty.

Rev, E. D. Miller the new pastor of Simpson's Chapel will preach his first sermon tomorrow.

Major Lewis is at the home of his mother very sick. He would be pleased to meet all his old friends,

Misses Annie Wilson and Laura Harris, of Indiana avenue, will estivate in Louisville for a few days.

Earnest Osborn spent a few days in Cleveland this week in attendance upon the banquet of the soctety of the Red Cross.

Mrs. Essie Fry Cook and Miss Jennie Mills sing charmingly together. Mrs Cook will finish her vocal studies under Prof. De Stagg.

A move is on foot to engage J. Madison Bell of Toledo, Ohio, poet and orator, some time in the near future to appear before the people of Indianapolis.

Dr. S. A. Elbert in his remarks Easter night at the Ninth Presbyterian Church, dwelt with force upon the duty of the people of the city generally, to do all they could for that church.

Appointed Upon the Police Force.

Within the last few days the Board of Public Safety has made several additions to the police force. Messrs Freeman, Carter, and Rhodes, all colored have been ordered to don the blue. W Winn was appointed this week and hereafter will be "one of the finest" Of the four appointed three are republicans and one democrat; Capt. James Rhodes

Elder Sissle left yesterday for Louisville to take charge of his new field of duty. During Mr. Sissle's residence in Indianapolis he has greatly endea ed himself to his congregation, and our citizens generally. He is an honorable, upright gentleman, a credit to the race, and an ornament to his sacred profession. He will continue to make Indianapolis his home, and the future, no doubt, will give us many glimpses of his pleasing countenance.

A Good Showing for Corinthian Church.

The collection Easter day at Corinthian Baptist Church ammounted to $80, round dollars of the realm. This church is in a flourishing condition. It has among its pillars some of Indianapolis' most solid business men, among whom are Anderson Lewis, Charles Webb, George Prince and others. Rev. Martin is one of the most entertaining talkers in the city, and a man of push and good business judgment.

A Scandal in High Life.

As the train due to leave for Chicago at 11:25 p. m., was about to pull out, a carriage was driven rapidly up to the depot, and a young couple was seen to alight and make a "bee line" for the train But, just at that moment an old gent, with a special officer put a stop to their flight.

"Arrest that man, officer. He is my coachman and that is my daughter," commanded the old man.

"You are mistaken sir, I am not your coachman, I dare you to touch me. Officer do I look like a coachman?" "I wish you to understand sir, I am a gentleman, and I buy my clothing at the Original Misfit Clothing Parlor, 35 North Illinois street" Y. M. C. A. Building.

An Enterprising Firm—Webb, Jameson & Co.

Among the many business firms to which colored men are connected, and the race should be proud, is the house and safe moving firm of Webb, Jameson & Co. The senior member of the firm, Charles Webb is one of Indianapolis' most successfull and best known business men. A few years since he commenced his business career, with no capital save his strong right arm, and a determination to succeed at something. When we state that the business of the firm amounted to $9,000 the year just ended some people may be surprised but such is the fact. Miss Kate Mann one of our High School Schollars, has been the efficient book-keeper of the firm for the past year and the adaptibility to business that she displays is something pleasing to observe.

DAUGHTER OF GEORGE HARRIS

Of "Uncle Tom" Fame, Living in the City.

Years ago in slavery days, when the idea of writing "Uncle Tom's Cabin" had, at last matured and taken definite shape in the mind of Harriet Beecher Stowe, there appeared in the neighborhood of her home a young fugitive from slavery in hunt of a brother, in the person of George Harris Clark. Mrs. Stowe learning of his presence sought him out, and from the story of his slave life, and subsequent trials and sufferings, attendant upon his escape from servitude, she gave to the world some of the most thrilling and exciting passages contained in her immortal work. Everyone who has read Uncle Tom's Cabin remembers the important part played by George Harris in the events depicted in the narative, but that the George Harris of the book had realy lived, and that the character was not a creation of fancy, thousands did not, or do not know. to-day. But such is the fact, he not only lived, and gave to Mrs. Stowe from his own lips, substantialy all that is read of him in "Uncle Tom," but he is still amongst the liveing, a white haired old patriarch of nearly ninety years of age. Mrs. Minnie E. Clark Davis, wife of the eloquent young pastor of Allen Chapel, this city is his daughter. The Rev. Mrs. Davis is one of three daughters, all of whom are living, and one, Miss Lettie K. Clark, is a clerk in the Pension Department at Washington. From all accounts the friendly relations that has existed between the former slave and the great authoress has defied the change and wear of years, and until the sad mental breakdown, which so shocked the world to read of a few months ago, never a twelve month was allowed to pass, that Mrs. Stowe did not in some way emphathise her rememberance of the old man, whose related experience she had turned to such good account in other days.

Mrs. Davis is a lady of refinement and culture, still young in years, and in conversing with her it is difficult to imagine that her early days spent with her father in Canada was in daily touch, as you may say, with many of the great characters that once figured in the advance guard of that band of devoted spirits known as the early abolitionests For many years Chatham, Canada was a rendezvous for men, black and white, who had dared to speak of slavery as "a covenant with hell," and upon whose heads the slave oligarchy had set a price. There Douglass spent many of his early days, there John Brown has walked, planed and plotted, to say nothing of scores of men of lesser lights once famous, but now, alas forgotten.

"Where now are the heroes of the ages past
Where the brave chieftains, where the mighty ones

IT IS REPORTED

That another wedding is on dit.

That her tears brought him to time.

That he whipped his wife shamefully.

That Mayor Sullivan will succeed himself.

That he kissed the Bible and went down upon his knees.

That "Capt." Hilyard could have had a position on the force.

That Sumner Furniss makes a splendid Sunday School Superintendent.

That Captain Rhodes will be a "stunner" in brass buttons and tin stars.

That a certain "society" gentleman of the North East, is anxious to travel.

That Elder Sissle's many friends regret very much his transfer to other fields.

That she thinks now, after recent happenings, that the "old love" was the surest.

That the tiny lace handkerchief with the initial in the corner caused the trouble.

That the dancing club will give one grand "masque" before giving up the ghost.

That she spat upon the photo, tore it into little bits, and then threw it in the stove.

That the two ladies who tore each other's hair and Easter bonnets will be churched.

That a certain school teacher is not looking for his wife and children. Cause: he is single.

That A. E. Manning and J. T. V. Hill are reaching "for the pull" with the Board of Public Safety.

That the colored voters of Indiana will "lay low" for Hovey's scalp if he dares to show his head in the future.

That certain prominent citizens feel much put out, at the cheap estimate placed upon their "fluence" by Gov. Hovey.

That one of our leading vocalists refuses to longer be a member of the Metropolitan Chorus. Cause: jealousy of members.

That only the earnest persuasions of kindly neighbors prevented an application for divorce last week. Too much "lodge business."

That two first-class "ladies" and escorts were compelled to engage the services of a carriage and driver one night last week. "So awful tired," you know.

That a political organization is contemplated by the colored voters of Marion County. Object, killing off, politically, of spurious Republicans. Good move.

That a club to be named "The Old Town Boys," will soon come into existence. The old town boys, sure enough. What a thining out in their ranks within the last five years.

That the presence of a lady from the West caused quite a ruction in the domestic life of a gay married Adonis of our city. Moral: don't tell your "best friends" your secrets.

That one of our leading church corporations is fast verging towards bankruptcy. Cause, dissatisfaction with pastor, tattling members and general cussedness among the class leaders.

Weddings.

Frank E. Stewart and Martha Smith, March 24th. No cards.

Dan White of Cincinnati, and Mary E. Thompson, of this city, on Monday, March the 30th.

Rev. D. J. Sites of Charleston, S. C. is famed as an orator. Last Sunday he preached an excellent sermon in the life and character of Moses. The Rev. is meeting with abundant success.

EASTER ECHOES.

BETHEL CHURCH.

MORNING.

Of the seven memorial events that mark the coming of the saviour, Easter is regarded the most sacred of them all. The services at the Vermont Street Church on this day were interesting and beautiful. The altar was nearly hid from sight by banks of potted plants and blooming flowers. The congregation was very large and the spectacle that met the eye looking from the ministers place to the church's portal was exhilarating to a great degree. Many new and elegant toilets were displayed suggestive of the time of year, and the day that was being celebrated, and the bright Easter sun that peeped through window pane and casement, kissed lovingly a veritable garden of natural flowers, fresh and sweet and fragrant, with natures own perfume. The sermon that was preached by the pastor of the church, Rev. John H. Clay, was one of that popular divines very best, as befitting the occasion, and was listened to with rapt and earnest attention. The text selected was from Exodus, 12th chapter, 7th verse. But the most delightfull feature of the morning service was the singing of the baby choir, composed of ten little girls and five bright eyed boys. It was a sight once seen never to be forgotten. We have already spoken of flowers, but they, dear young souls, they were the flowers of that splendid occasion. As we drank in with hungry heart the divine melody that came from those childish lips, we realized as never before the touching truth of the words of the Master, when he declared "suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven." God bless the little ones, and take them to his own. God bless the lady, who, for many months has directed, and trained and educated these beautiful voices to sing His holy praise. The Sunday School Easter program was fine and exceptionaly rendered. The little ones were made happy by many colored Easter eggs; that for a time during the afternoon, seemed as thick as the sands on the sea shore. Through the efforts and solicitations of Mrs Martha Hall, one of 'Old Bethel's' most industrious workers, about sixteen dozen eggs were contributed, the following persons giving a dozen each: Mesdames Gallatin, Bartlett, Rice, Pope, Johnson, Lee, Scott, the Misses Harriet and Kate Johnson, Lizzie Carter, Emma Green, Maggie Gallatin, Lizzie Adkinson, and Wayman Thompson, James E. Shelton and Robert Walker.

Did we obtain the names of these interesting little ones of the choir? Yes, and here they are: Rosa Ethel Clay, Estella Johnson, Durretta Dixon, Estella Francis, Emma Edwards, Francis Caldwell, Mamie Stewart, Lulu Hedgepath, Ethel Bundy, Lulu Carpenter, Ollie Clay, James Moorehead, Harry Taylor, Bertie Miller and Florida Eubanks.

EVENING SERVICES.

The congregation that gathered at night was an overflowing one, many people being unable to obtain seats. A large number of whites were present, ex-Mayor Denny and wife, occupying a front pew. The occasion was the preaching of the annual sermon to the order of the Eastern Star, a female adjunct to the Masonic order. The ladies arrayed in regalia were escorted to the church by the Knight Templar Commandery, a very pretty and chivalric sight. Elder Clay preached the annual sermon, taking for his subject "Resurrection" and reading his text from John 20th 11th to 17th verses.

NINTH PRESBYTERIAN.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS ANNUAL SERMON.

The first and only annual sermon ever preached to Afro-American K. of P's., in the State of Indiana was preached last Sabbath afternoon by Rev. George Sissle, at the 9th Presbyterian Church. About fifty Sir Knights, wearing a simple tri-colored silk badge of red, orange and blue, occupied the front seats of the middle pews of the church; the other portion of the main auditorium being packed full with as fine a gathering of Indianapolis citizens as it was possible for the city to produce. Rev. Sir Knight Thomas Slaughter opened the ceremony with prayer, followed by Sir Knight Gabriella Jones in an introductory speech of Rev. Sissle and a Sir Knight of the order.

The members of the Royal Court, an appartment in the house of Pythias were present in the persons of about fifty ladies, who, vied with their brothers in attention to the cermonies of the day. Exodus 14th chapter, 15th verse furnished the text for what proved to be a very interesting and instructive discourse. After depicting in an eloquent manner the past glories of the Hamitic races of antiquity, before Etheopia had fallen, and while the neigh of her battle steeds could be heard afar in many lands; the orator took up the romatic story of Damon and Pythias, as it comes to us through history and tradition and made it plain and beautifully instructive to the great congregation that sat before him. During the afternoon Miss Katie Crossen sang a solo, accompanied by Dr. Chavis on the violin in a very acceptable manner. The auspicious and successful ending of the day's services marks a distinct epoch in the order's history in the State, long to be remembered.

EVENING SONG SERVICES.

The services Easter night at the same church edifice was mainly song and sacred hymn recitation. Dr. S. A. Elbert addressed the throne of grace. Rev. Hendrickson (white) read the scriptural lesson and Prof. W. D. McCoy made a ten minutes talk on civilization and religion. The music selected and sang by the full choir during the evening was appropriate and choice. Solos were sung by Nettie Maud Christy and Charley Lewis; trio, Beaulah Wright, Messrs Osborn and Fox; quartett, Essie Fry Cook, Jennie Mills, Messrs Osborn and Anthony; duett Georgia Stevenson and Katie Crossen. Miss Christy rendered her selection, "Angels Ever Bright and fair," in a manner that surprised even those who expected the most from her; "Nearer my God to thee," by Chas. Lewis, while done quite to the letter of the art, could have been more feelingly rendered by this truly good singer. In the trio, Miss Wright rendered her part in a concientous possessed manner. Messrs Osborn and Fox rendering good service. Essie Fry Cook and the new alto, Miss Mills, divided honors in the quartet number and gave the final of a very choice program.

Indianapolis Ministers and Deacons Meeting, March 30th, 1891.

Opening prayer by Rev. Jenkins. Collection of Second Sunday School, Easter Sabbath, $2.25; Little Zion, $2,25; New Bethel Sunday School $9.25; Olivet street Sunday School, collection $1.50. Rev. N. A. Seymour read a paper on the needs and necessities of making the church work more prosperous and successful. Discussed by Rev. L. C. Jordan, Rev. Mr. Leonard, Rev. Mr. Beecher, Rev. John Morris, Rev. Elzy, Rev. Carr, Rev. Teeters and Mr. John Broyles. Rev. Mr. Jordan urged that the colored ministry should broaden its scope of teaching, by keeping touch with the current thought of the day. Rev. Mr. Leonard urged that members pay one tenth of their income towards the general use of the church. Rev. Mr. Beecher charged that many christians were becoming to think more of their obligations to secret societies than to the church. Rev. Elzy claimed that many ministers were too cowardly to attack certain evils, such as theatre going etc. simply because custom upheld them. Rev. Teeters said a good word for secret societies, while John Broyles, in quite a speech, urged that the differant denominations lacked that fellowship and unity that should distinguish them from the world. Rev. Carr took a pacific view of the state of the church, and reminded his hearers that this age was a progressive one, controling, to some extent, even the church in its onward sweep.

AN ELEGANT GIFT.

The beautiful potted flowers and plants that surrounded Bethel pulpit, Easter day, were presented to the church by Mrs. Richard Mason, Such gifts are to the Lord.

A NEW RESTAURANT.

Morgan and Duncan have purchased the restaurant at No. 12 Indiana avenue, formerly owned by Christy and Allen, and have refitted it in elegant style. Meals, lunches at all times and first-class; give them a call.

A POSTPONEMENT.

Owing to the death of Lewis Carter, who was buried from Corinthian Church last Sabbath, the song service which was to have taken place on that day, was postponed to Sunday, April 12th. The next Freeman will contain a program of the exercises.

ELDER CLAY'S GREAT WORK.

When the Rev. John Clay took charge of Vermont Street Church, not two years ago, the debt upon the same amounted to $4,000, lacking a few dollars. Today, through his good financial management, the debt has been reduced from $4,000 to $800, which he expects to wipe out during this month. Comment is unnecessary.

The Toledo and Ohio Central Railroad, with that same spirit of advancement which has marked its present management, is now arranging for its summer excursion business. Low rates and good service will mark its efforts, and it is safe to assume that it will remain the popular excursion route in the future as it has been in the past,

They Married.

Kinston, N. C., Special to The Freeman.

Elder Lucas is visiting his wife who is very sick at Raleigh, N. C. Rednid Speight, the expartner of J. A. Philips (Barber) has opened a firtst class barber shop one door west of E. R. Joyner's Grocery store. Geo. Ireland of Newberry and Miss Amanda Hargett of this place were married on the 25th of March. The Literary meets, WYEHRWOL.

Organizing a Musical Company.

Montgomery, Ala., Special to The Freeman.

The Freeman is still gaining friends. P. B. Harris is organizing a Musical Concert for the Spring and Summer seasons. The Freeman can be found on sale at the Eureka Barber Shop North Perry Street. A brilliant wedding took place at the Old Ship Church, Miss Jessie Knight of this cit, and Rubin R. Mins of Mobile. BUCK SHOT.

Burned to Death

Atlantic City, N. J., Special to The Freeman.

The ninth annual Mikado Fair which opened here last week, is in a prosperous condition. The A M E Church has never looked better than on this occasion.——Pythian Lodge No 2, N S E A and A held their annual sermon at St James A M E Church Easter Sunday.——Mrs. Steward of 126 New York avenue was burned to death last week. The remains were taken to Baltimore.

THE DANCING CLUB.

Messrs White, Franklin and Stokes, conductors of the dancing club that meets each Tuesday night at the Odd Fellow's Hall, have gracefully yielded to the desires of many of thei patrons, and will continue giving their pleasing receptions till the third Tuesday night of this month. A scribe of The Freeman looked in upon the young people Tuesday night with the intention of staying but a moment, but, alas, for the weakness of the flesh the spectacle was so charmingly inviting that our moment became hours, the flow of which we did not realize until "Home Sweet Home" floated to us from the orchestra,

Entered his New Field.

Staunton, Va., Special to the Freeman.

A big snow for Easter, eighteen inches. T. T. Henry, editor of the Roanoke Weekly Press, stopped over in the city a few days on his return from the Press Association. March being court day, the streets were crowded. Miss Ella Brooks has gone to Lexington Va. You can get The Freeman at either of the barber shops. The annual sermon was preached to the Odd Fellows, Sunday March the 22nd at the A. M. E Church by the pastor. Silus Smith was in the city this Week with his pannoramma. Prizes were awarded John Chiles and James Batey for selling the largest number of tickets. The new preacher for the M. E. Church, Elder Drapper has entered his field of duty. HOOK.

A HARD FOUGHT GAME.

Confirmation—Returned Home—Death.

New Haven, Conn., Special to the Freeman.

Though the day was raw and chilly, very many persons of both sexes and of all grades, classes and conditions, assembled Good Friday afternoon upon the famous Slaughter Woods to see the Olympian Athletic club and the Englewood's play ball. The Englewoods put up a hard game of ball, with Newcombe, p, and Madison c, and W. Hawley, p, and Moore, c, as batteries, but the Athletics, with Stevens, p, and Miller, c, for a battery, defeated the Englewoods by a score of 22 to 16. Besides the above mentioned ballgame, which drew out a great crowd, the theater and other events were enjoyed. There were many strangers here from the surrounding towns. Joseph B. Fisher, of this city, now a student of Exeter Academy, New Hampshire, where he is fitting for Yale College, has returned to this city for a few days during vacation, and is stopping with his cousin, Mr. Garrison Johnson, on Foote street. Confirmation took place at St. Thomas P. E. church, on Sunday, March 22, Dr. Beardsley, rector. Bishop Williams administered the holy rite of confirmation. Miss Edith Bell, Gussie Brewster, Hattie Thomas and Gertrude Woods, and Mr. Boyers, of the St. Luke's church, were among those confirmed. A concert and promenade was given last Thursday evening at Masonic Temple by the Odd Fellows. Mrs. John R. Groves and daughter, Flossie, of Webster street, have returned to this city from a pleasant trip throughout the south, lasting a month. The G. S. C. have good material in their club. Miss Sarah Francis Glover, aged 15 years, the youngest daughter of Isaiah Glover, died at his home in Higlewood, of Bright's disease, after one week's illness, Sunday morning, March 22. REG.

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Do You Wish to SAVE MONEY Systematically, Safely and at

6 Per Cent. Interest?

Do you feel the need of borrowing money to go into business, educate your children, improve your property, advance your financial condition generally? If so, become a member of the

Mississippi Co-Operative and Benefit Association,

OF NATCHEZ, MISS. Office, 133 Commerce St.

This corporation is national in character. It has organized two hundred branches in nine months in seven different States, viz.:

Texas, Florida, Kansas Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi.

AND IS EXTENDING INTO NEW TERRITORY DAILY.

Lends $3000.00 every month. Has loaned thousands of dollars.

None but reliable persons wanted as members.

For full information write to

LOUIS. J. WINSTON,
CHIEF MANAGER, NATCHEZ, MISS.
Depository, First National Bank, Natchez, Miss.

READ CAREFULLY:

☞ Everybody ought to save something, be it ever so small.

☞ You can invest in this Association from 50 cents to $15.00 per month, at 6 PER CENT. INTEREST per annum; or secure a loan from $100 to $3000.

☞ Have you money to put out at interest? This corporation will issue you paid-up certificates of stock, and pay you 6 per cent. for same, and pay you punctually every six months. It is chartered under the laws of Mississippi.

WHAT ARE

Misfits and Uncalled-for Clothing?

They are garments made by Tailors, and either did not fit or were uncalled for. We have contracts with many of the leading Tailors throughout the United States. To the Tailors these goods are almost a total loss and we secure them at less than cost of material, enabling us to sell them at half and oftentimes less than half the original measured price.

You will always find some of the finest Prince Albert Suits, from $15.00 to $30.00, worth double.

The Sewing, Binding, Linings, etc., of all our garments are warranted for one year. Alterations to improve fit free of charge.

WE SELL

$25.00 Merchant Tailor Suits for	$12.50		$30.00 Merchant Tailor Suits for	$15.00
$35.00 " " "	$17.50		$40.00 " " "	$20.00
$50.00 " " "	$25.00		$60.00 " " "	$30.00

The above consists of all styles, colors and shades, Cutaways and Sacks. A rare chance, if we can fit you.

PANTS.

$5.00 Merchant Tailor Made Pants for	$3.00	$10.00 Merchant Tailor Made Pants for	$6.00
$6.00 " " " " "	$3 50	$12.00 " " " " "	$8.00
$8.00 " " " " "	$4 00		

Trade where your Dollars do double duty.

Original Misfit Clothing Parlor

35 North Illinois Street. Indianapolis, Indiana.

REMEMBER the Place--We have no Branches

And that there is

Only One Original Misfit Parlor in Indianapolis,

Which is at

35 N. Ill. St., Y. M. C. A. Build'g. Bet. Market & Wash. St.

☞ Be sure you are in the right place.

BEWARE OF FRAUDS AND IMITATIONS.

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MERCHANT TAILORS,

SUITS TO ORDER FROM $18 UP. PANTS FROM $4 UP.

Fit and Workmanship Guaranteed. Goods of as Fine a Quality as can be Found in the city.

GIVE US A CALL, GENTLEMEN,

WE WILL TREAT YOU FAIR AND SQUARE.

JOSEPH F. FITZHUGH,

Chas Girton

AMBULANCE.

☞ Lady Attendant. Telephone 1072. Office, 187 Indiana Ave.

Colored Men of America, Remember,

YOU HAVE in Hon. Frederick Douglass, the United States Minister to Hayti, an eminent example of what the colored man, with pluck, integrity, study and industry may accomplish. The biography of Frederick Douglass tells the story of a career which out-novels any novel. He has run the gamut of human experience, from the toiling slave to the highest position in Hayti within the gift of the government of the United States. Every intelligent colored man, or boy should read and study the life of this great man. Funk and Wagnalls, 18 & 20 Astor Place, New York, have just published his biography by Frederick May Holland, 12 mo. cloth bound, 349 pages, with excellent portrait. The price is within the reach of all, $1.50 post free. Agents wanted. Send $1.00 for outfit.

Commercial Men Attention.

You can save money by purchasing one of the new Buckeye interchangeable mileage books issued by the Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo Ry. They are good over twelve different roads and sold at the low rate of twenty dollars each. For particulars inquire of Agents, Buckeye Route or address W. H. Fisher, Gen'l. Passenger Agent, Columbus. O.

For Sale.

Four pieces of barber furniture, consisting of two dressers, water tank and cup case. This furniture is almost new and in good condition. Call or address C. M. C. Willis, Odd Fellows Hall. Indiana avenue, or address Mrs. Tibitha Gilchrist, 241 N. Delaware St.

T. BAXTER, J. E. CASPIN.

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Billiard and Pool Parlors, Restaurant and Lodgings. Meals served at all hours.

Bridge and Ward Streets, Jacksonville, Fla.

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BOARD OF TRADE

—CIGAR,—

THE CHANCE OF MARION COUNTY.
and if you've got a dime call for the
HAMBLETONIAN or FLORA

GARFIELD CLUB ROOMS

35½ Kentucky Avenue, 3d Floor.

OPEN TO MEMBERS ONLY. From 8:30 am to 11:30 pm. Lunch and Regular Meals Served at all Hours.
D. EDWARDS, Manager.
JOHN WOODS, Secretary.

Agents Wanted.

I wish to employ twenty-five or thirty active and intelligent ladies to travel either on salary or commission. Write for particulars; send photograph and address in own hand writing.

REBECCA E. ELLIOTT,
65½ Indiana Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.